Investors Guides



July, 2021



Contents



1.	Overview of MARUI GROUP	P2
2.	Medium-Term Management Plan	P10
3.	Business strategy of Retailing Segment	P18
4.	Business strategy of FinTech Segment	P29
5.	Business strategy of Investment for the future	P52
6.	Capital Measures and Shareholder Returns	P63
7.	Impacts	P70
8.	. Numerical goal	P79
9.	. References materials	P85



1

Overview of MARUI GROUP



Overview of MARUI GROUP



Founded: 1931 (Initially sold furniture through monthly installment payments)

Business activities: Retailing, FinTech * Unique business model merging retailing and finance

Retailing

Marui



- 23 stores primarily in Kanto but also in Tokai, Kansai, and Kyushu
- Transactions: ¥320.1 billion
- 210 million customers visit our stores

FinTech

EPOS Card







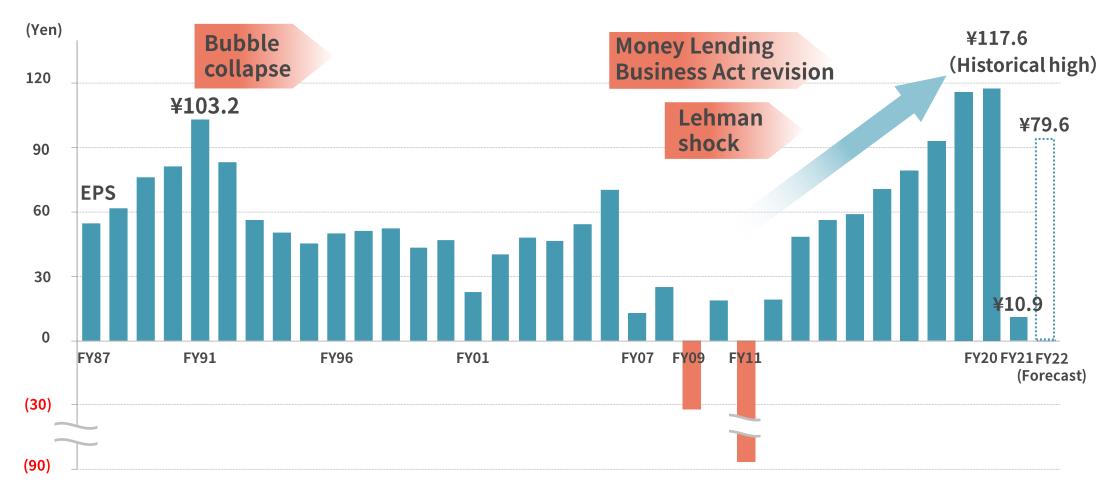
- 7.2 million Cardholders
- Transactions: ¥2,678.8 billion

Performance Trends



• Historical high EPS of ¥117.6 in FY2020, overcoming two years of losses to expect

EPS actual and Forecast



MARUI GROUP's "Core Value" = Co-Creation of Creditability





Creditability should be built together with customers, rather then assigned to them.

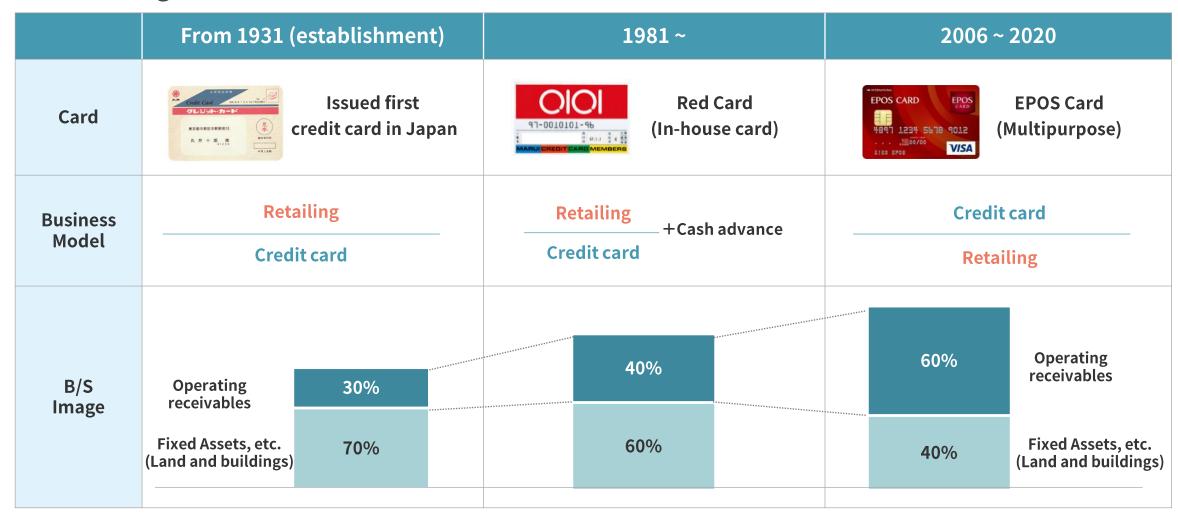
"Co-Creation of Creditability"

(Founder: Chuji Aoi)

Evolution of the Business Model



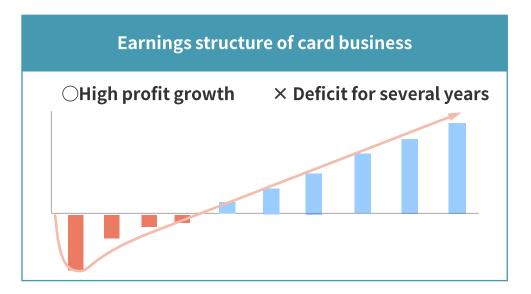
- MARUI GROUP has continued to evolve merging retailing and finance since its founding
- Since the issuance of the EPOS card, the relationship has changed to that of "Retailing supports credit card growth"

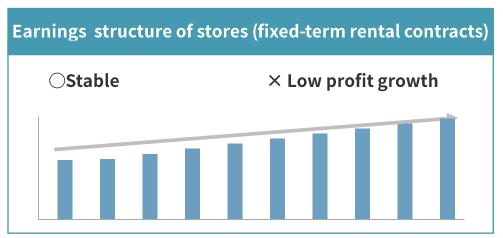


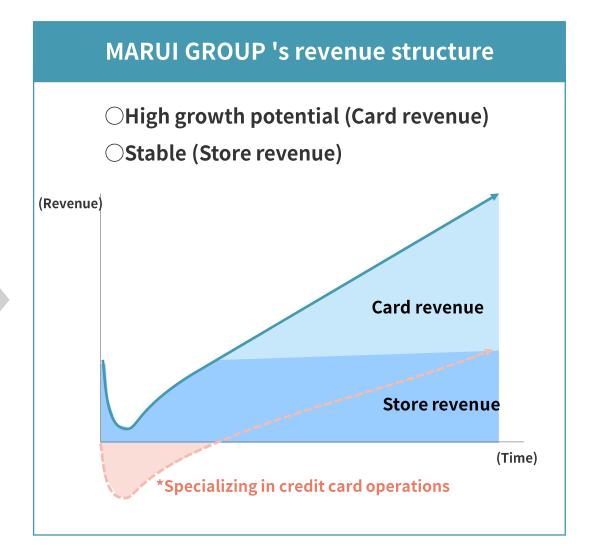
Earnings Structure based on Distinctive Business Model



• Establishing a distinctive earnings structure that combines the high growth potential of the card business and stable fixed-term rental contacts revenue







Lifetime Value Management

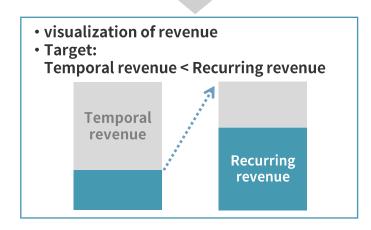


Composition of recurring revenue as a percentage of gross profit has expanded

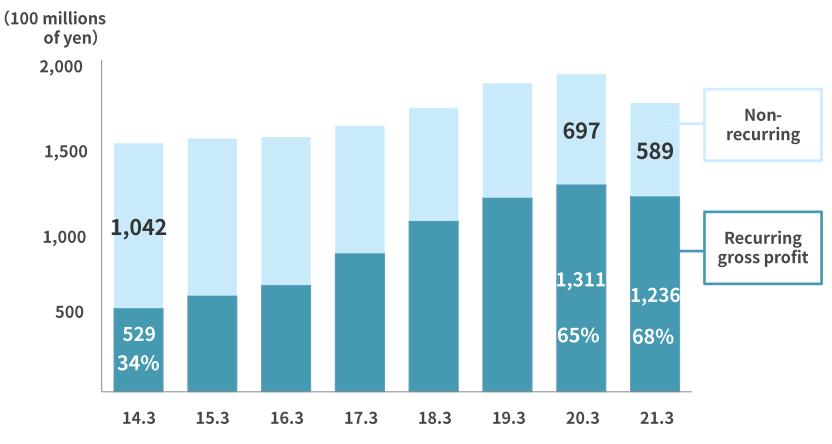
■Recurring Revenue

• Rent revenue, etc

• Rent guarantee
• Expenses of communications / utilities affiliate commissions by recurring payments
• Finance charges on revolving and installment payments, etc.



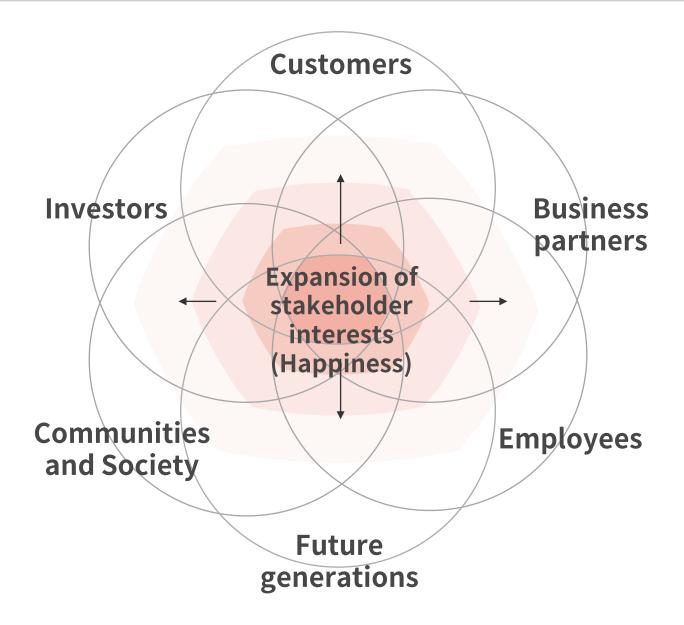
■ Ratio of Recurring Gross Profit to Total Gross Profit



^{*} Gross profit includes SG&A expenses paid by business partners.

MARUI GROUP's View of Corporate Value: Six Rings of Stakeholder Governance







2

Medium-Term Management Plan

Five-year plan for FY2022 through FY2026



Changes in Business Environment in Next Decade (Three Major Shifts)



Until now

Current working-age generations

Introduction of digital technologies

Tangible assets

From now

Future generations

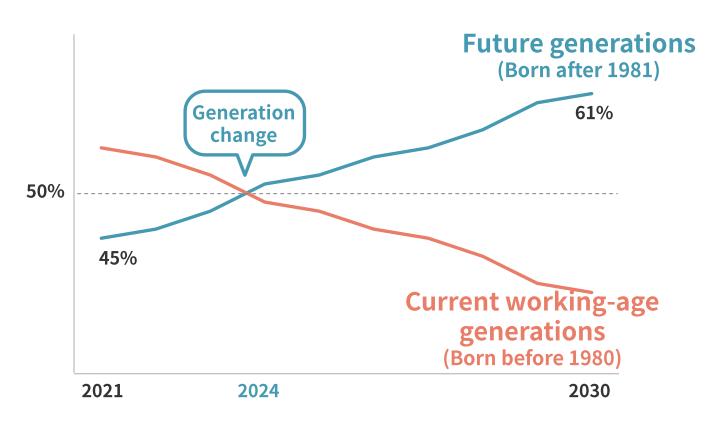
Deployment of digital technologies

Intangible assets

1. Shift from Current to Next Generation



- By 2024, the percentage of millennials or younger in Japan's working-age population will exceed that of older than millennials
 - ■Trends in working-age population



Common sense for Future generations:

- Digital transformation (DX)
- Sustainability
- Wellbeing

Risk for companies

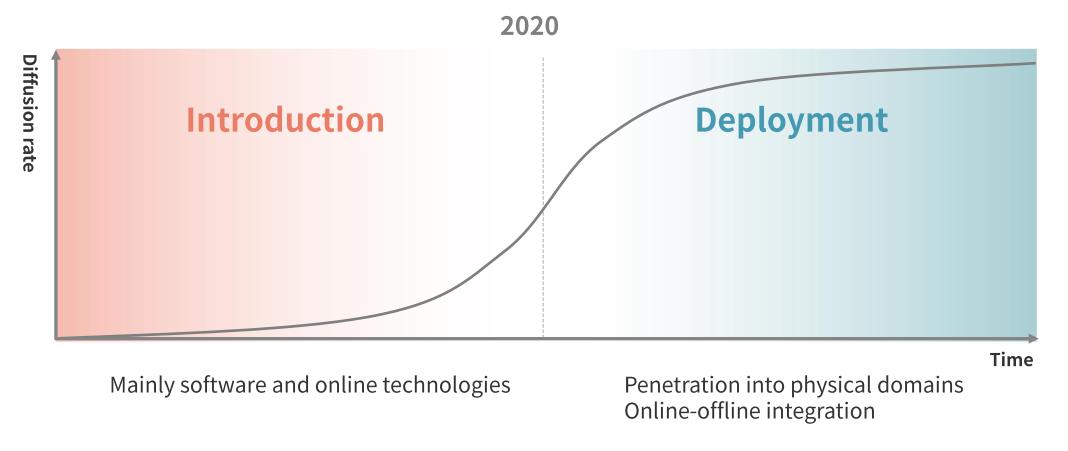
Companies unable to adapt to future generations' common sense will lose favor

^{*} Source: Marui Group based on Population Estimates, Statistics Bureau, Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications

2. Digital Technologies: From Introduction to Deployment



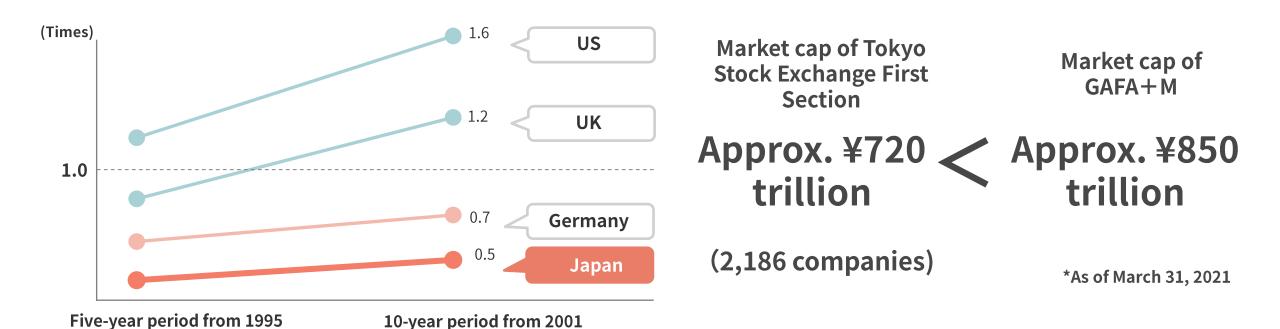
- digital technology, which has been developed mainly around software and online, will penetrate the physical realm, and online and offline will become increasingly integrated
 - ■2020 was a turning point in the S curve of innovation



3. From Tangible Assets to Intangible Assets



- The long-term shift from tangible to intangible assets, which began around 2000, is expected to progress rapidly in Japan in the future.
 - Average intangible investment ratio (intangible investment / tangible investment)



^{*} Source: Marui Group, based on RIETI Policy Discussion Paper "The Role of Intangible Investment on Economic Growth in Japan", by Tsutomu Miyagawa et al. (2015)

Future Direction



- 1. Earn profits while also solving societal problems through co-creation with future generations
- 2. Harness Retailing and FinTech to become an online-offline platform business

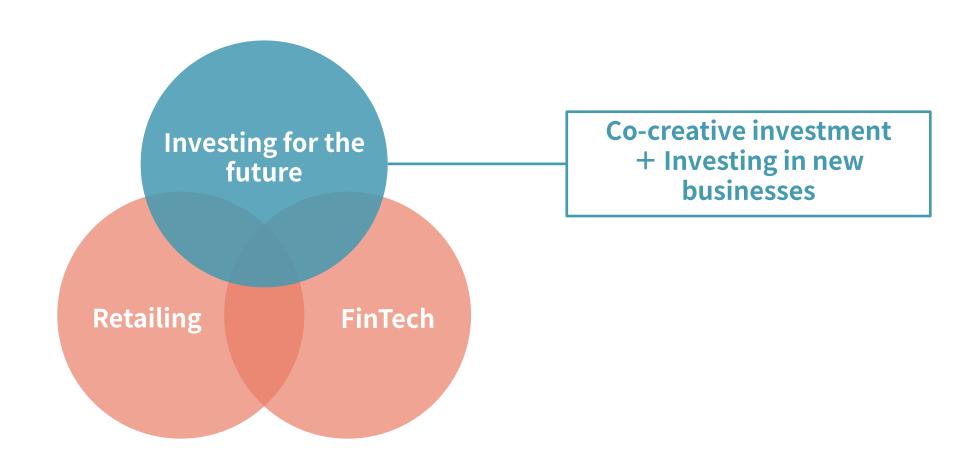
- 3. Evolve into a knowledge-creation company through intangible investment in new businesses and co-creative investments as well as human resources and software
- 4. Include stakeholders in board of directors to promote co-creation management that strives for harmony between profit and happiness

Business Strategy + Capital Policy + Impact

Overview of Future Group Business



· Seek further enhancement of our corporate value by promoting a new trinity model





3

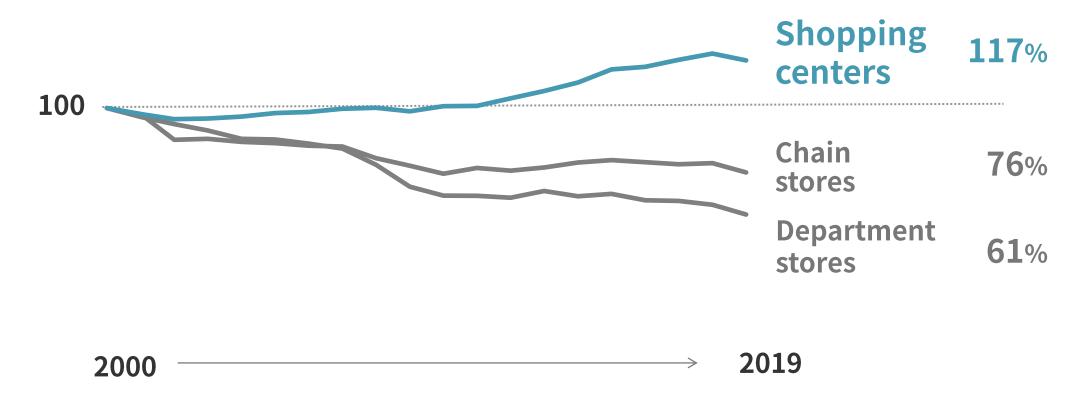
Business strategy of Retailing Segment



Retailing industry Status



- Difficult environment for department stores and chain stores focused on goods, but strong growth of shopping centers capable of providing both goods and experiences
 - Sales by Store Type (2000 indexed to 100)

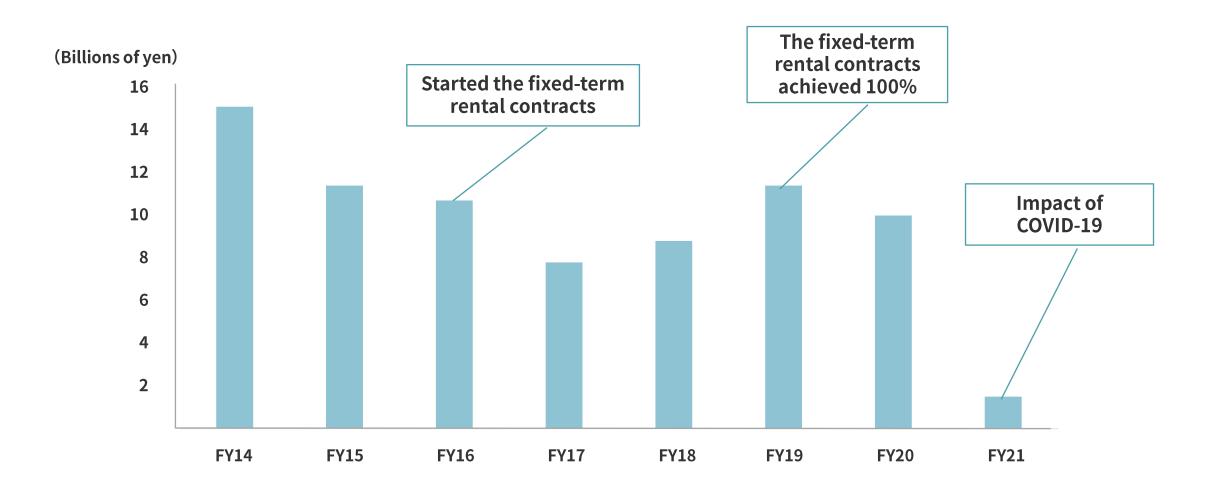


^{*} Source: Japan Council of Shopping Centers, Japan Chain Stores Association, and Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry

Trends in operating income of the retail business



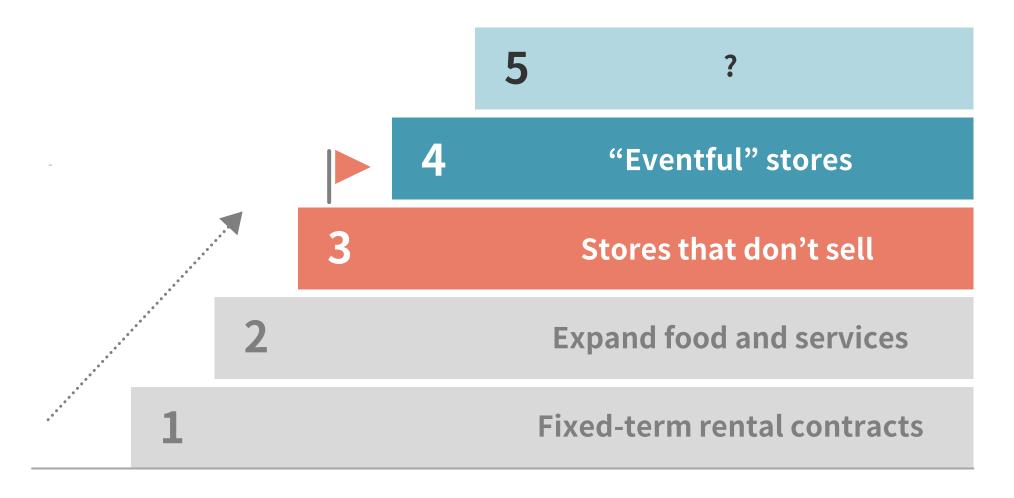
• Stabilized store profit structure by the fixed-term rental contracts



Complete department store format transformation



• Accelerate efforts to stores that don't sell as the third stage, creating eventful stores as the fourth stage



STEP1: Transition to Shopping Centers



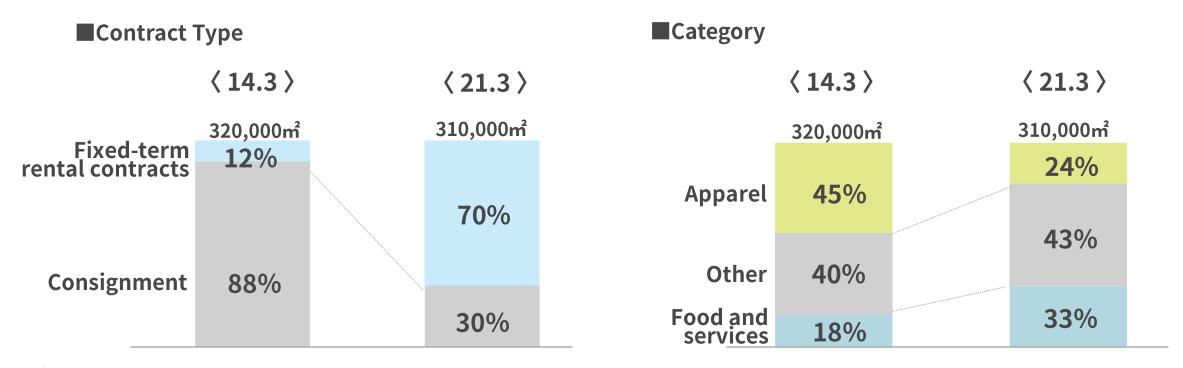
• Completed conversion of all department stores to real estate-model shopping centers over five years beginning from FY2015 (excluding some exceptions)

Fixes-term rental contracts	Initial Plan				Additional Plan (16,500㎡)		
floor space (Ratio of fixed-term rental contracts)			125,500㎡ (62%)	178,500m² (87%)	218,500m² (106%)	228,000㎡ (111%)	231,000㎡ (113%)
Income improvement amounts (YoY)		¥0.9 billion	¥2.0 billion	¥3.2 billion	¥2.3 billion	¥1.4 billion	¥0.4 billion
-	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21

STEP2: Store status



 Progress in transformation of stores in conjunction with transition to fixed-term rental contracts, expansion of food and service categories





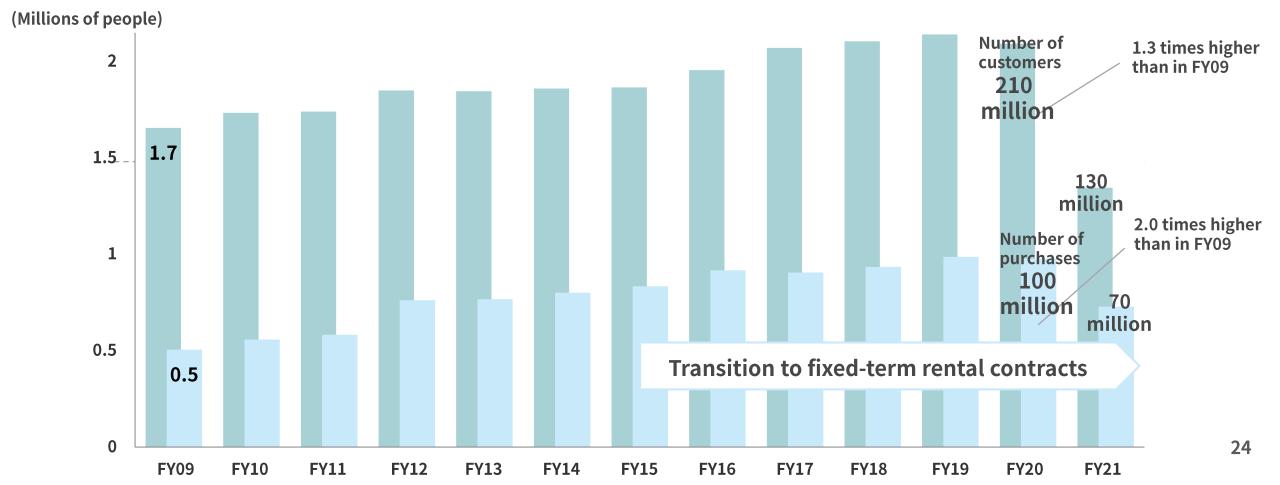
- Opened the first full-scale food hall on the introduction floor of Family Mizonokuchi (Nov.2019)
- "Order by smartphone" system that allows you to order at the table

Store Performance



- Customer numbers following increase in store value attributable to transition to fixed-term rental contracts
- number of customers were 210 million in FY20, number of purchases 2.0 times higher than in FY2009

■ Number of Customers and Number of Purchases





Stores = Platforms for online/offline integration

- Attract unique tenants such as online services, storefront e-commerce, D2C brands, etc.
- Promote initiatives with 23 companies that we invest in through co-creative investments and 172-strong co-creation team



mercari station



SHIBUYA BASE



FABRIC TOKYO

STEP4: "Eventful" Stores



Create variety of events that integrate online and offline approaches Design fun stores with events motivate consumers to visit

- Hold events for anime business and new businesses (anime/games, food, cosmetics, and social events)
- Collaborate with FinTech to commercialize events so that they can be held around the country in commercial facilities other than Marui facilities

[Examples from FY2021]

KOREAJU Korean cosmetics Bread festival Bread from regional bakeries

Sustainability Minna-Denryoku Pock

Renewable energy



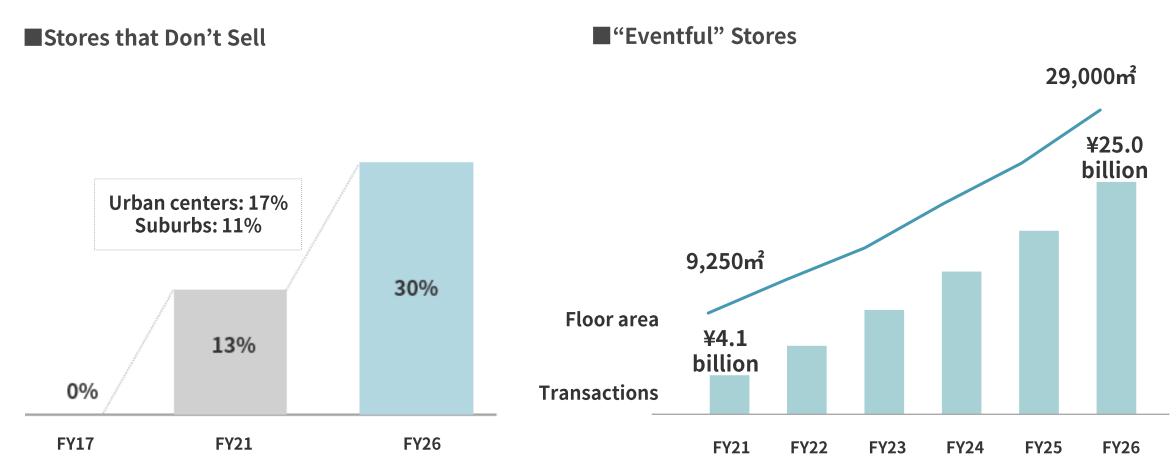
Pocket MarcheProduce direct from growers and



Expansion of "Stores that Don't Sell" "Eventful" Stores"



• Steadily expand collaboration with offline stores through co-creative investment and outsourced operation, to grow instore event transactions to ¥25.0 billion in FY2026



Revitalize E-commerce



• Transform MARUI GROUP into a digital business by harnessing digital personnel, targeting total e-commerce transactions of ¥30.0 billion by FY2026

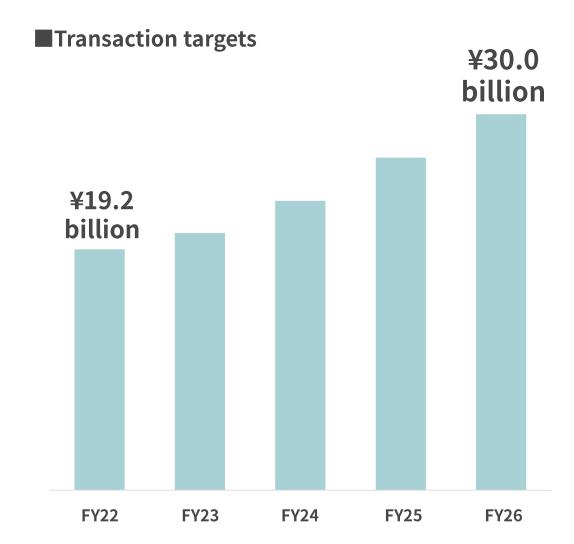
■Initiatives

Event-type e-commerce

• Expand event-type e-commerce in coordination with retail stores

Pre-order/advanced payment, pick up instore

 Online pre-order and payment, pick up/use services instore





4

Business strategy of FinTech Segment

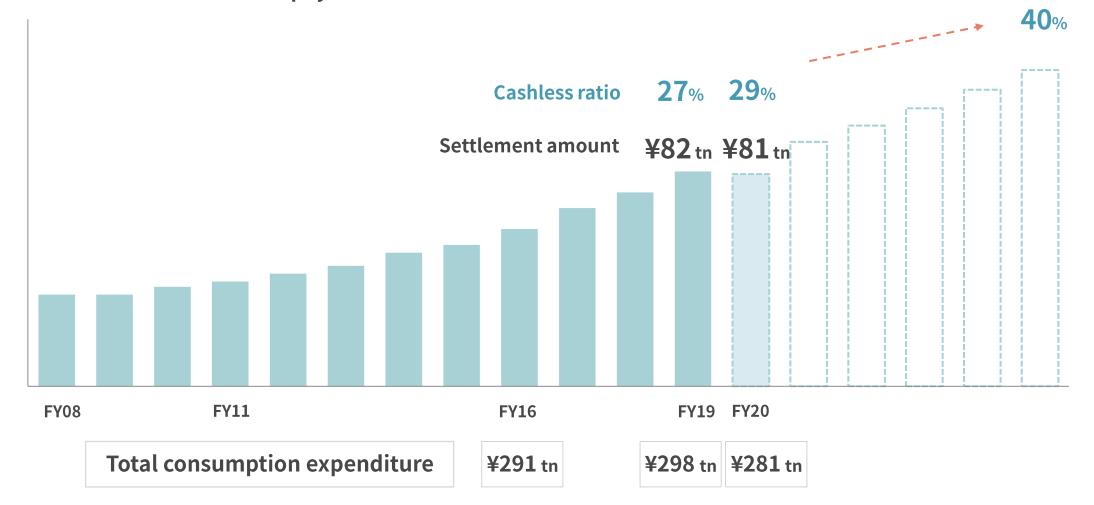


Cashless (1)



 Cashless payment amount is almost flat due to impact of COVID-19, settlement ratio is expected to be 29%

■Trends in domestic cashless payments



Cashless (2)



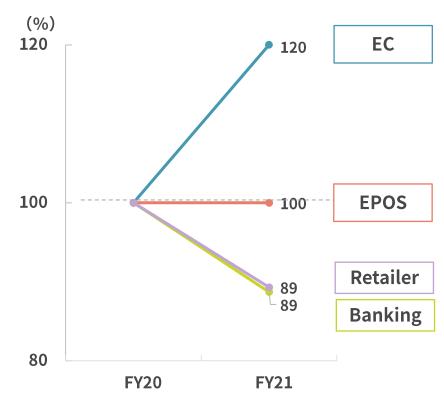
 Domestic credit card transaction volume fall below the previous year's level in 2020, transaction amount of each card company is divided into light and dark

■Transition in domestic credit card transaction



* Source: Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry "Specific service industry dynamic statistics survey"

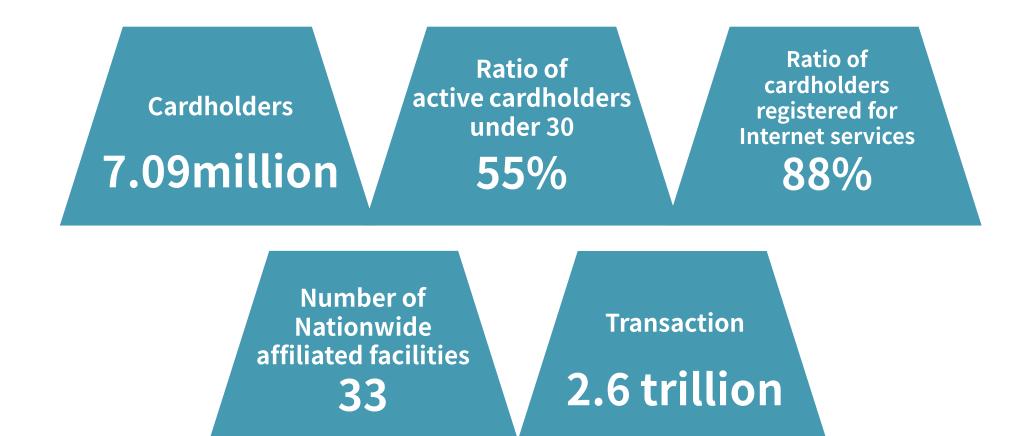
■Each card company transaction



* Source: Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry
"Specific service industry dynamic statistics survey"
and estimated from each company's financial
statements

MARUI GROUP's Platform

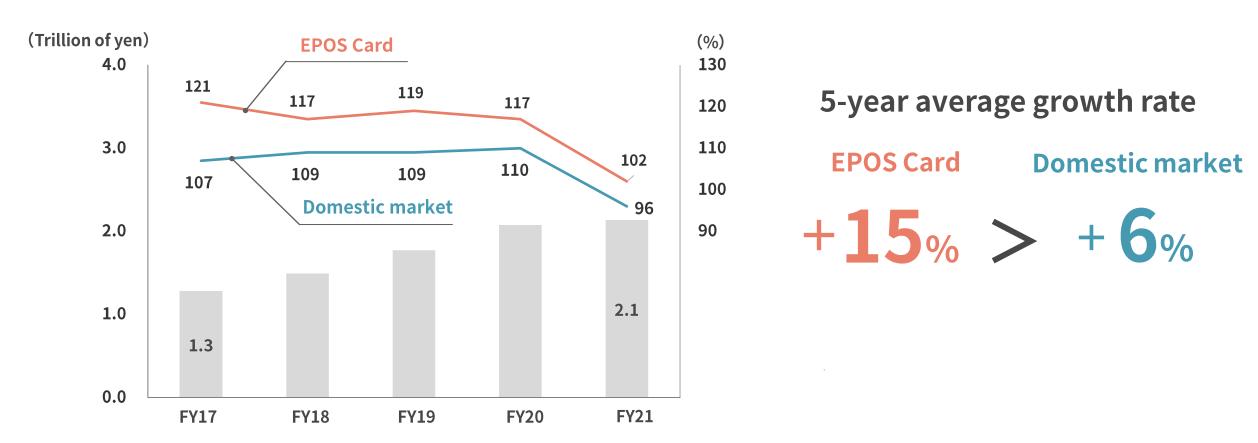




Transition in shopping transaction volume



- Shopping transaction volume grows ahead of the domestic shopping market
 - **■**Transition in shopping transaction volume



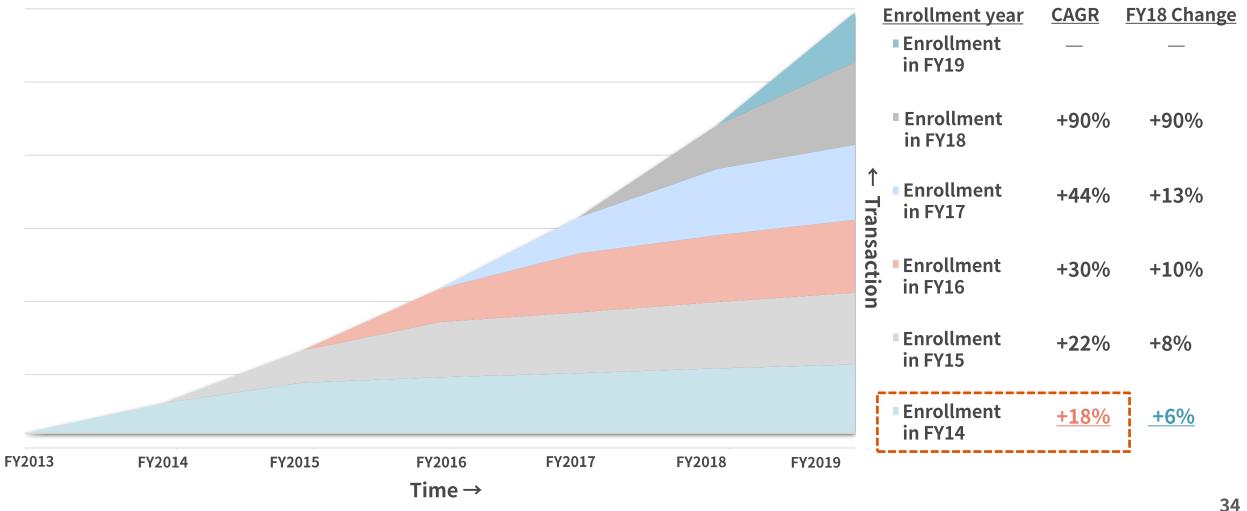
^{*} Source: Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry "Specific service industry dynamic statistics survey"

^{*} Epos Card is External member store

Strength of FinTech: Change of transaction value by enrollment year



• Achieved stable profit growth due to large increase in transaction amount of past enrollment members

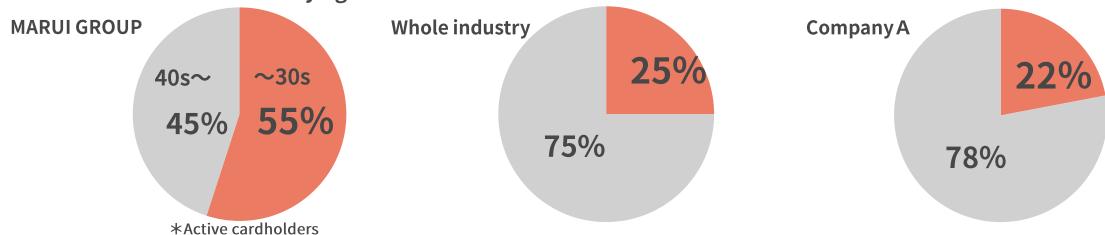


Strength of FinTech: Our Customer Profile

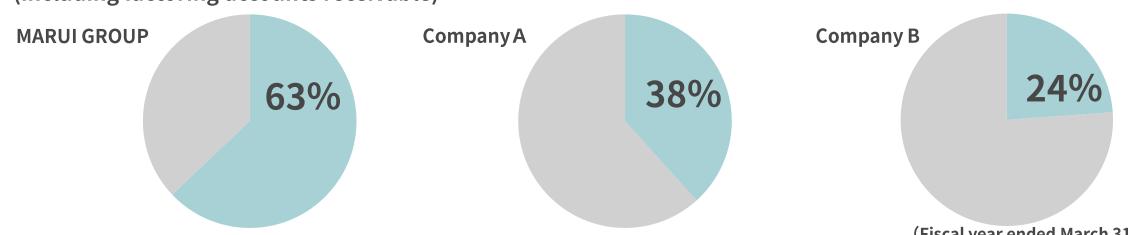


Realizing high earnings through high exposure to the younger generation





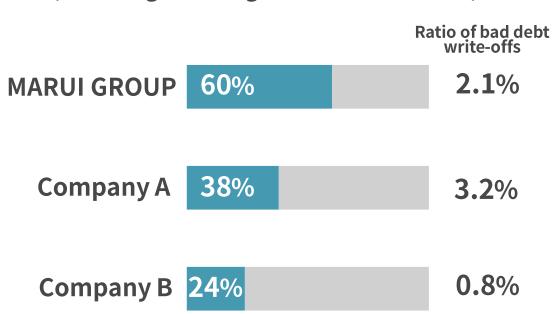
■Ratio of revolving and installment payments attribute to installment sales account receivable (including factoring accounts receivable)



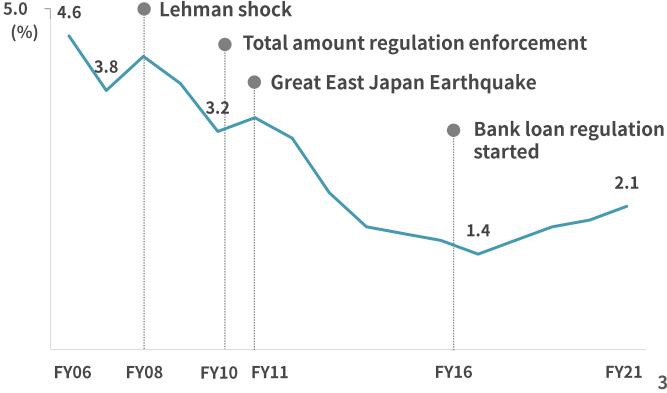
Strength of FinTech: Industry's lowest bad debt rate



- Revolving and split balances account for 60% of installment accounts receivable, but bad debt rate
 is 2.1%
- The credit loss rate remains at the lowest level in the industry due to the soundness of receivables even under major environmental changes.
- ■Ratio of revolving and installment payments and bad debt write-offs attribute to installment sales account receivable (including factoring accounts receivable)



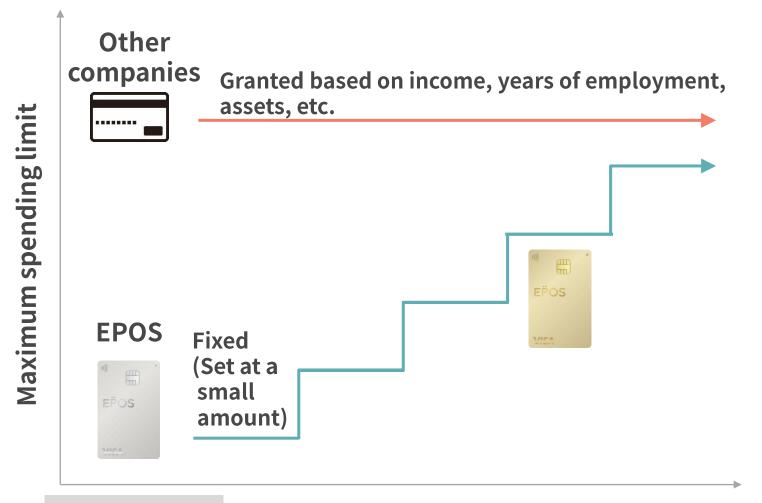
■Transition in bad debt rate



Strength of FinTech: Unique credit know-how



 Established unique credit system, combining know-how accumulated since foundation and our IT expertise



■ Comparison of maximum spending limit with other companies

	Upon joining	Gold
EPOS	¥500,000	¥1,500,000
Company A	¥2,000,000	¥5,000,000
Company B	¥1,000,000	¥2,000,000

Unique Features of EPOS Card



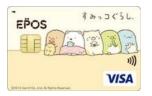
Gold Card





Cards tailored to each individual's interests (Content cards)



















100 card designs

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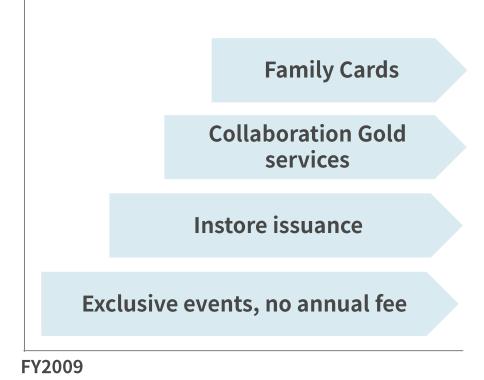
Gold Card Initiatives

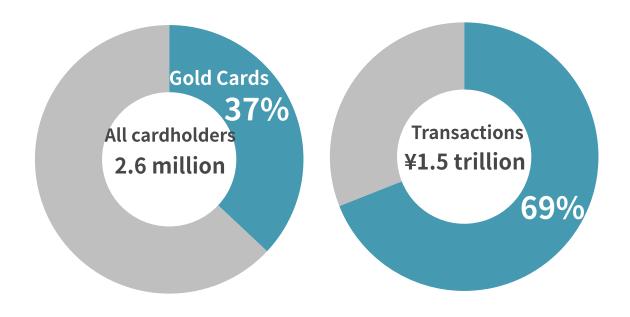


• Gold Cards drive growth of EPOS Card business, accounting for 37% of cardholders and 69% of transactions

■Original initiatives

■Share of cardholders and transactions

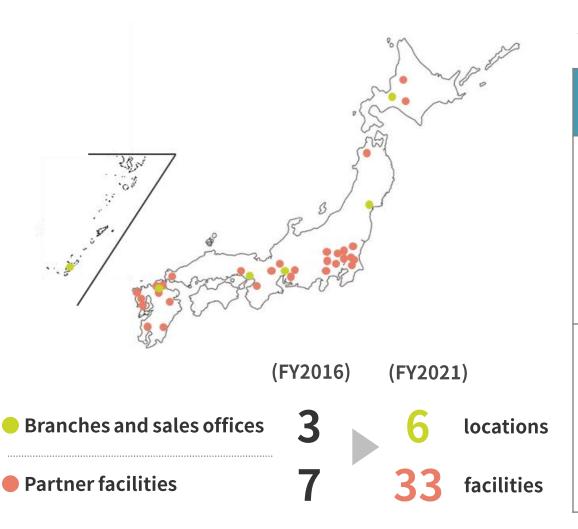




Nationwide Expansion of EPOS Card



· Card holders outsides trade areas increased as a result of promoting nationwide expansion



<Card holders>

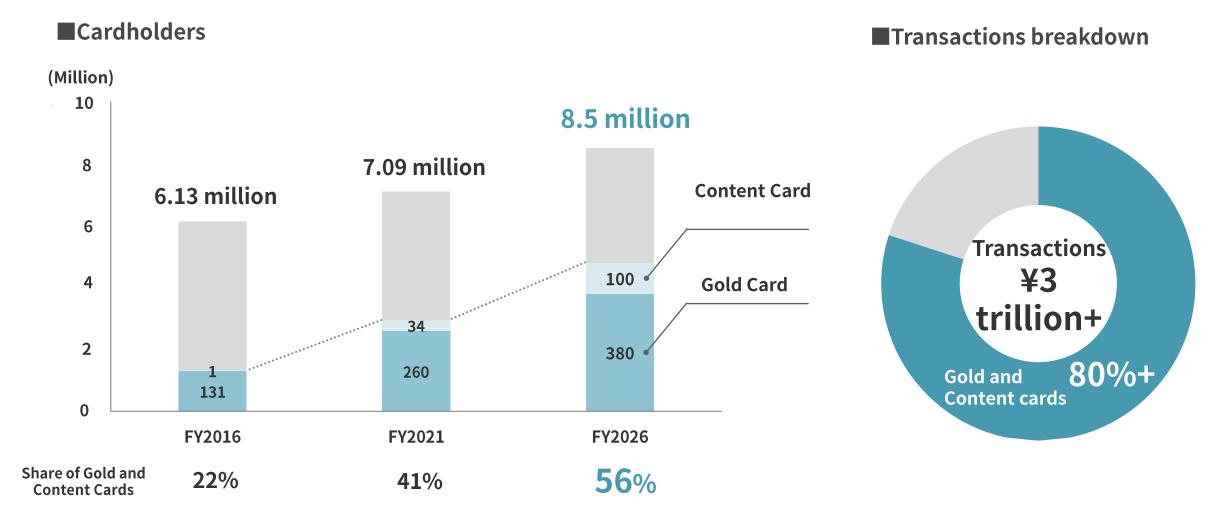
(Ten thousands of people)

		FY2016	FY2021	(16.3比)	% of total	share
Main Business Area	Age 39 and Below	198	187	94%	26%	23%
	Age 40 and above	187	213	114%	30%	8%
	Total	384	400	104%	56%	13%
Others	Age 39 and Below	133	160	121%	23%	7%
	Age 40 and above	95	149	156 %	21%	2%
	Total	228	309	135%	44%	3%
Others	Age 39 and Below Age 40 and above	133 95	160 149	121% 156%	23% 21%	7% 2%

Cardholder Outlook



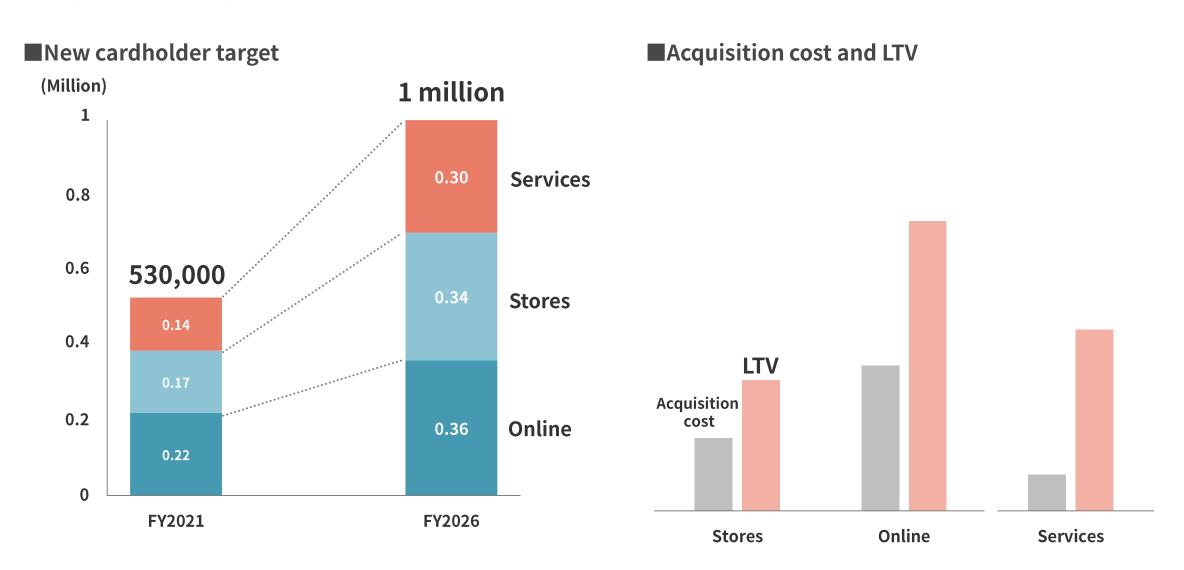
• Over 8.5 million cardholders in five years' time, with Gold and Content Cardholders accounting for around 60% of total



Cardholder Strategy: New Cardholder Target



Reorganize issuing locations in view of acquisition cost and profitability per card



Cardholder Strategy: Initiatives for Cards Tailored to Each Individual's Interests



• Foster loyal cardholder base through original initiatives like instore events and co-creation with business partners

■Anime card initiatives



Instore event

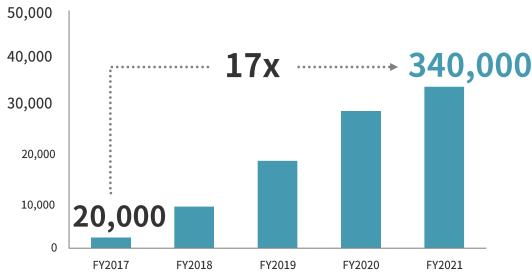


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Fan club site Media tie-up

50,000



Ratio of young 60% (+18pp) cardholders: LTV:

■Cardholder numbers

Future initiatives

Strengthen collaboration with new businesses (bread, vegan products, Korean cosmetics, etc.)

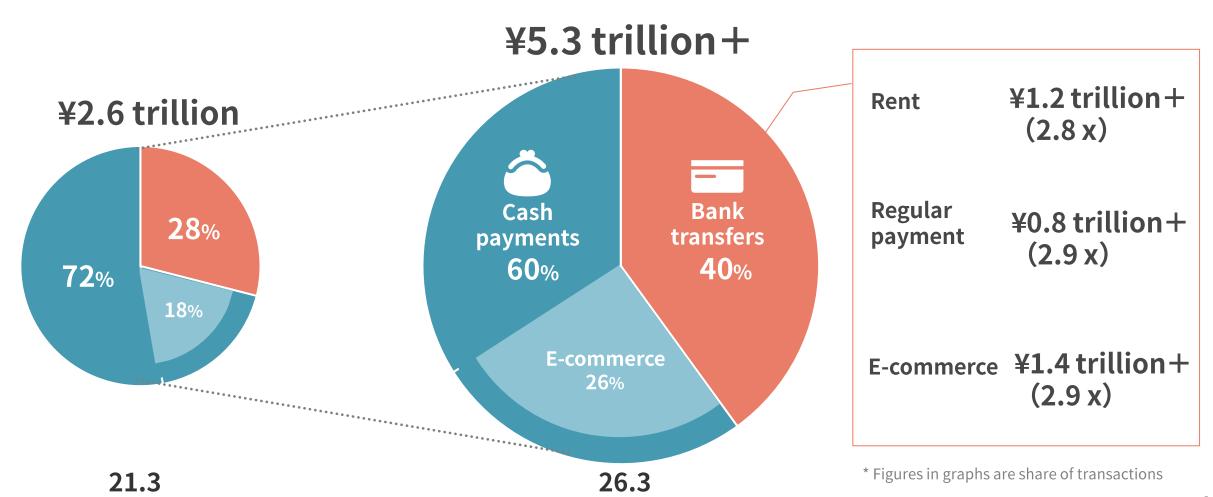




Strategy to maximize EPOS Card payments in household finances



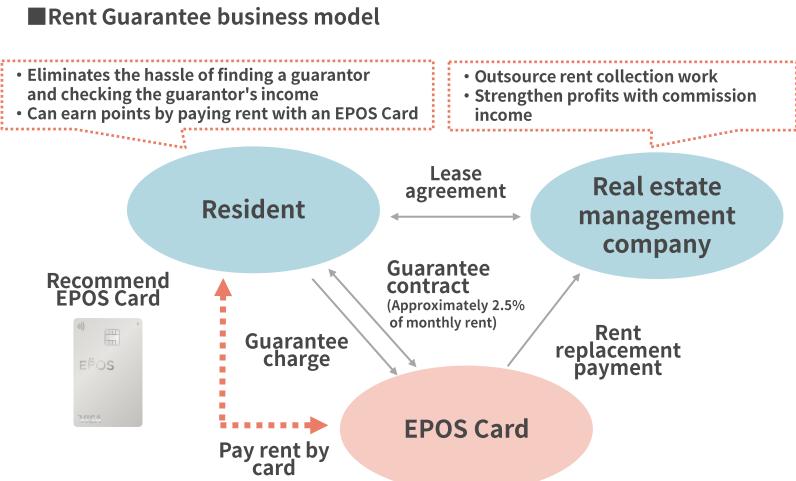
• Continue strengthening rent, regular payments, and e-commerce transactions to stabilize earnings and differentiate services



Maximize EPOS Card payments in household finances: Rent guarantee

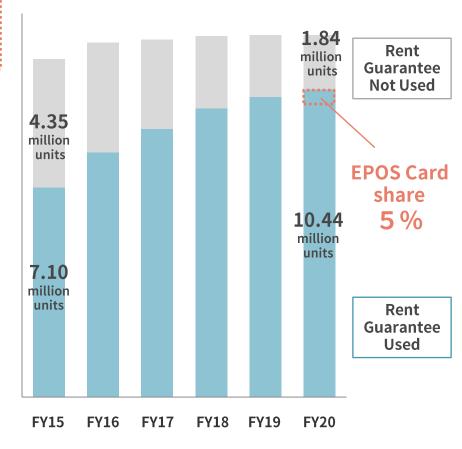


• Service in which the Epos Card acts as a guarantor for the resident when moving into a rental property



■Transition of rent guarantee market

EPOS Card has a 5% share of the 10.44 million households

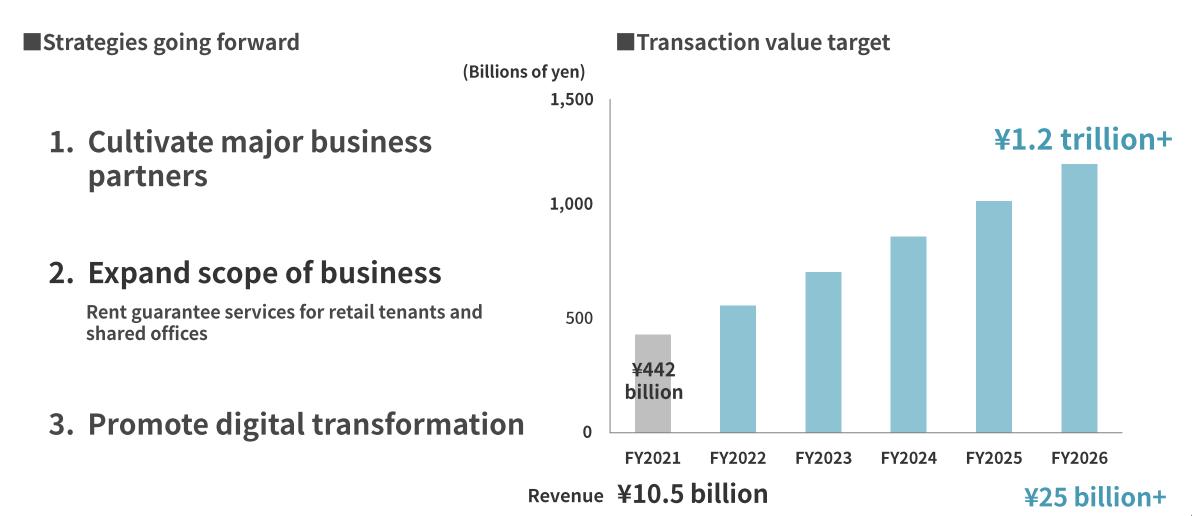


^{*} Due to the revision of the Civil Code in April 2020, it is necessary to present the upper limit (limit) for the guarantee of the joint guarantor, and the demand for guarantee companies as a substitute for the joint guarantor has increased significantly in the last few years.

Maximize EPOS Card payments in household finances: Rent Guarantee Strategy



• Target ¥1.2 trillion in transactions and ¥25 billion in revenue in five years' time for 10% market share

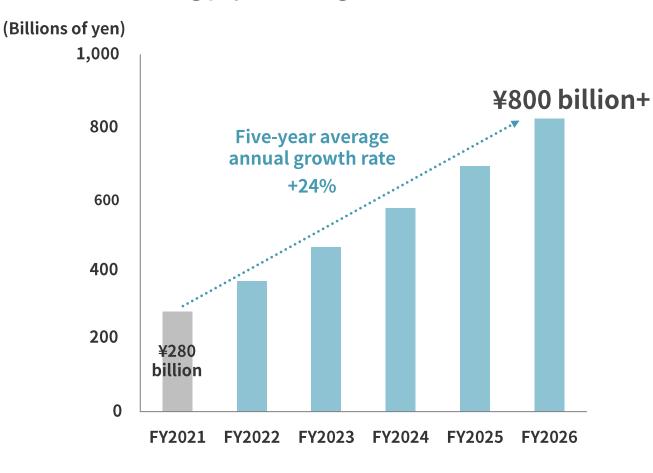


Maximize EPOS Card payments in household finances: Outlook for Recurring Payments



· Seek further expansion of recurring payments thorough co-creation and digitalization

■Recurring payment targets



■Specific initiatives

1. Expand use for utility bill payments centered on partnership with Minna-Denryoku

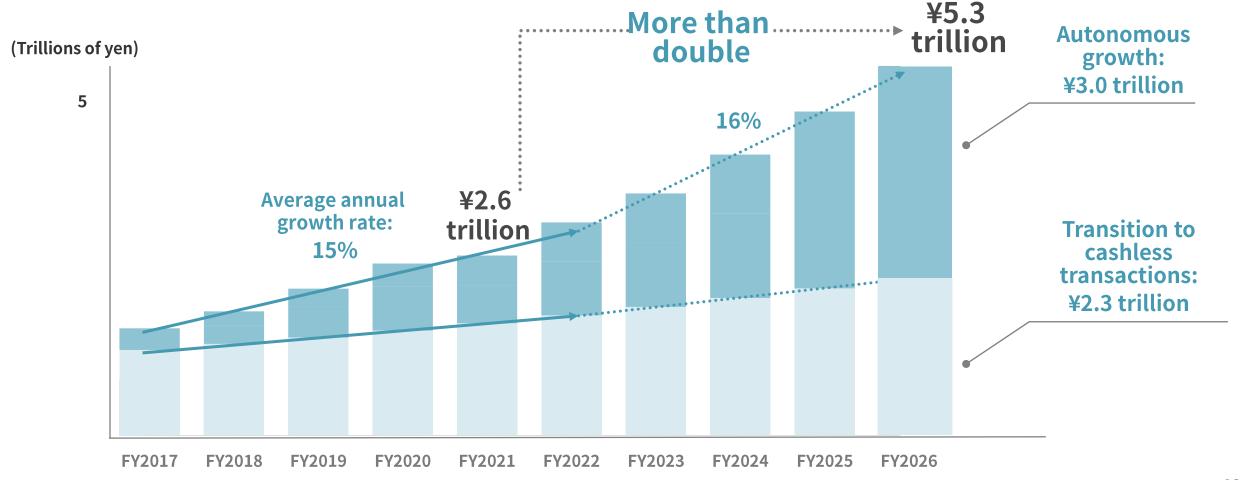
みるでである。 Users: 500,000 Minna-Denryoku

- 2. System linkage and business coordination with major companies
- 3. Promote services using Lifestyle App

Transaction Forecast



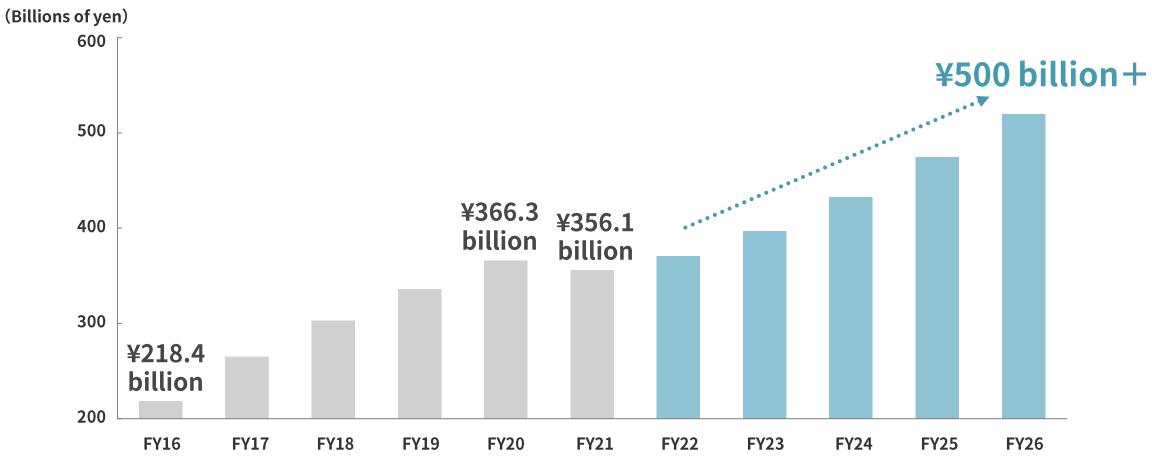
- By developing our own strategy, transaction volume will double in 5 years
 - **■EPOS** Card transaction value



Revolving Credit and Installment Payments



- Balance of revolving credit and installment payments to increase with shopping, forecast to exceed ¥500 billion in FY2026
 - ■Revolving credit and installment payments balance transition

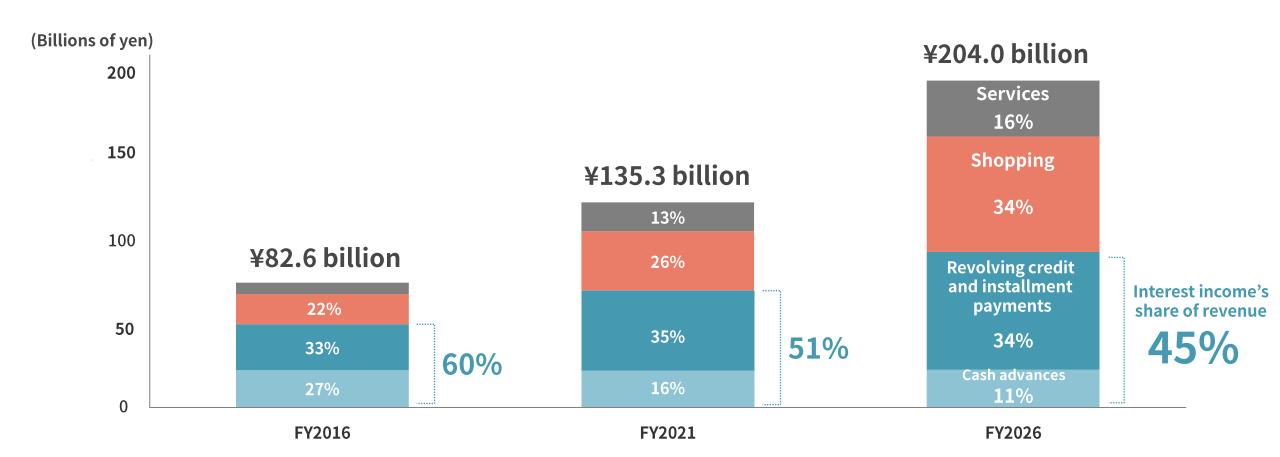


Revenue Restructuring



 Achieve more stable earnings structure with high capital efficiency that is not dependent on interest income

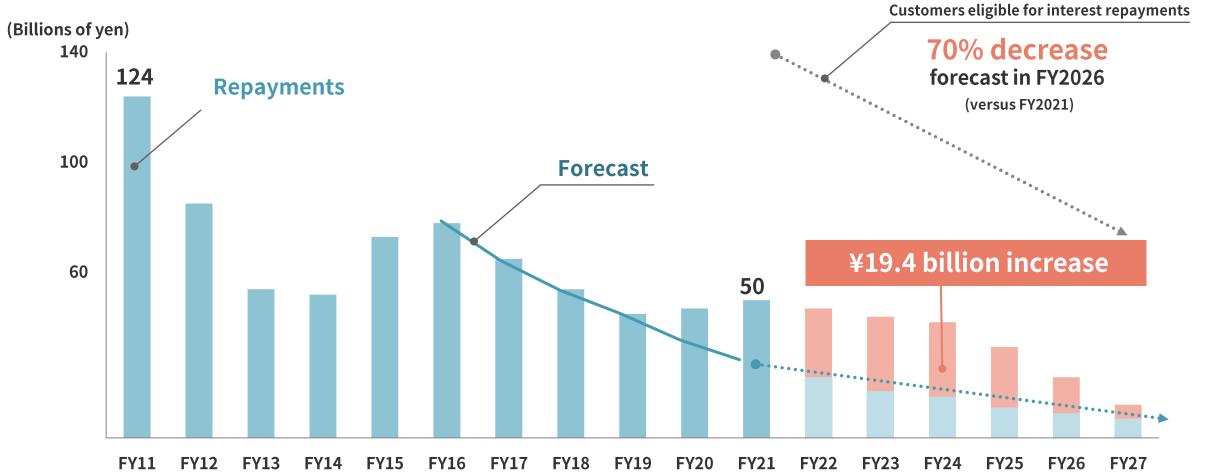
■ Revenue structure trends



Interest Repayments



- The number of customers subject to interest repayments is expected to decrease significantly in the future, we expected the amount of repayments to remain flat for some time, and recorded a shortfall of ¥19.4 billion based on trial calculations in the fourth quarter.
 - ■Outlook for number of customers eligible for interest repayments and repayment amount





5

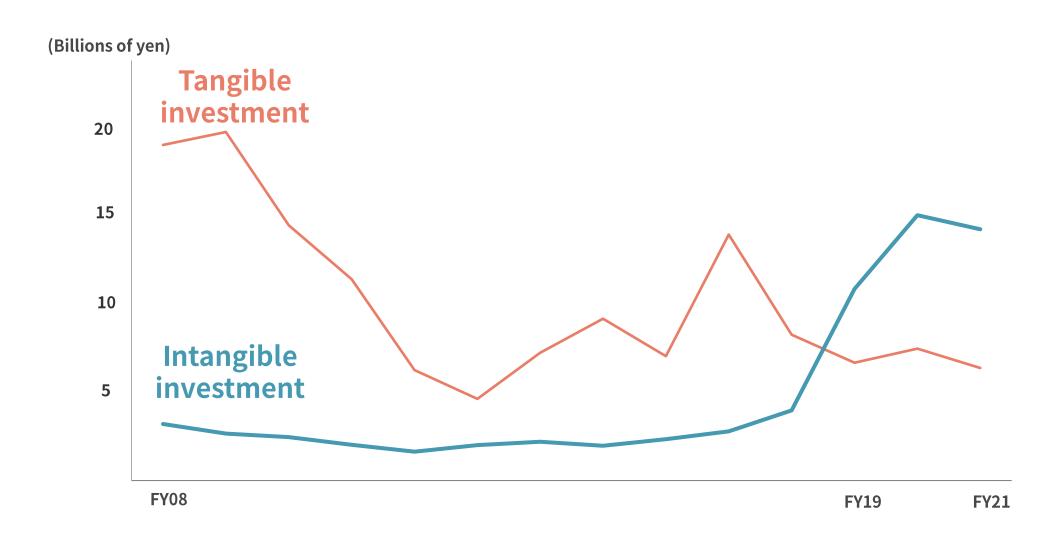
Business strategy of investment for the future



Intangible Investments in MARUI GROUP



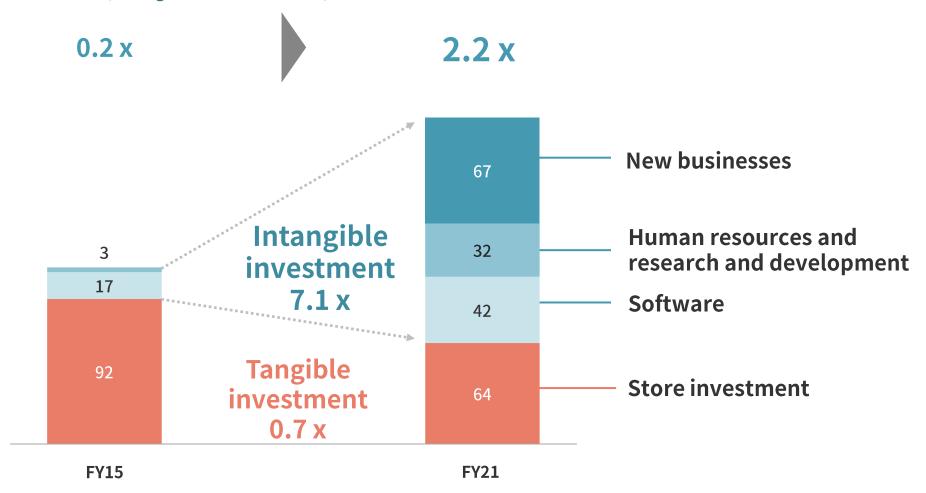
• Intangible investment reverses tangible investment after 2019



Breakdown of Investment Destinations

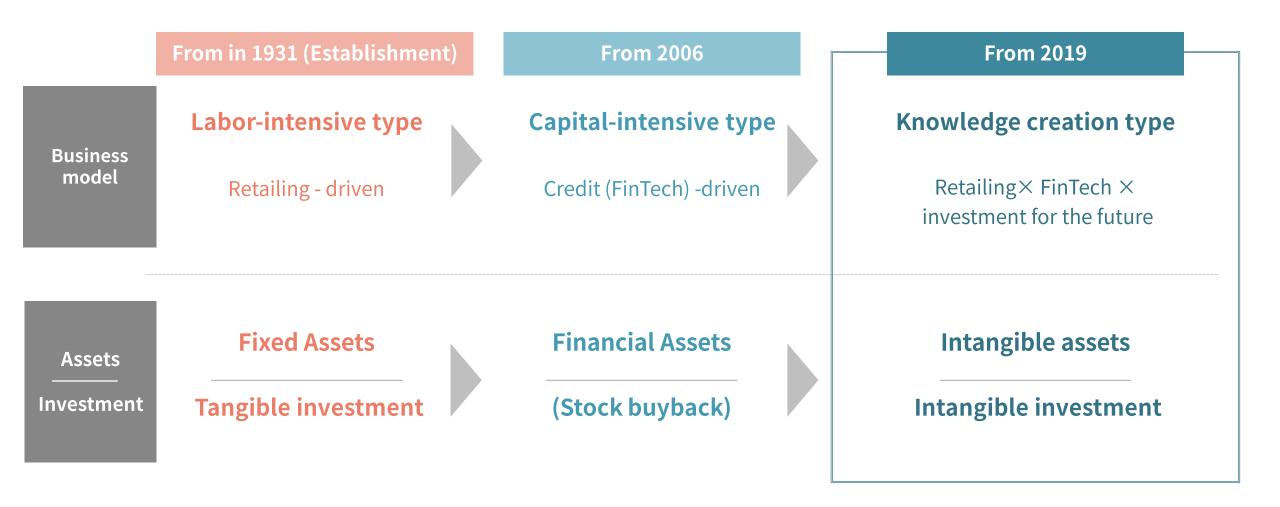


Intangible investment ratio (Intangible investments / Tangible investments)



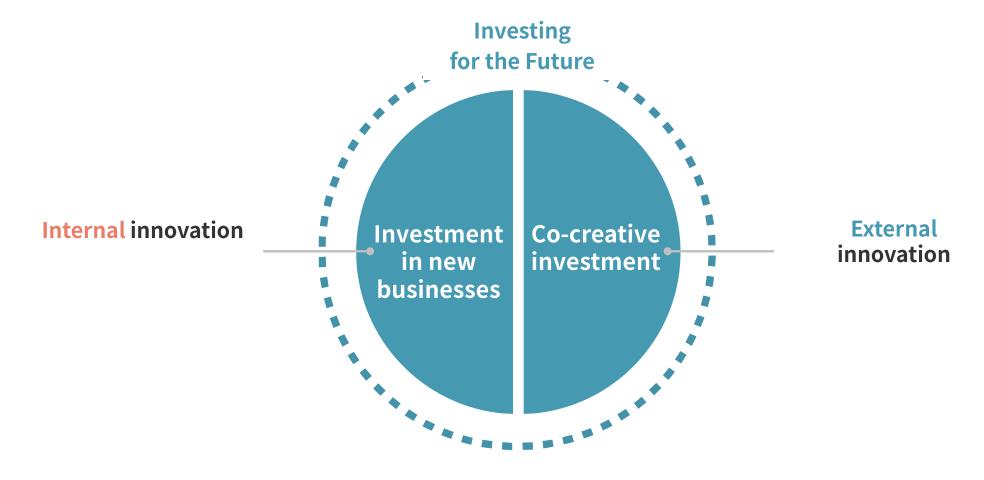
Direction to be Addressed in the Future





Investing for the Future





Enhance both impact and profit

(Sustainability, wellbeing, and DX)

Investment in New Businesses



 Build a unique and high-barrier business model based on e-commerce while utilizing our strengths in store operations and FinTech



■Established an incubation company "okos" (April.2021)



Co-Creative Investment



■Breakdown of investment destinations

tsumiki Securities ¥1.9 billion

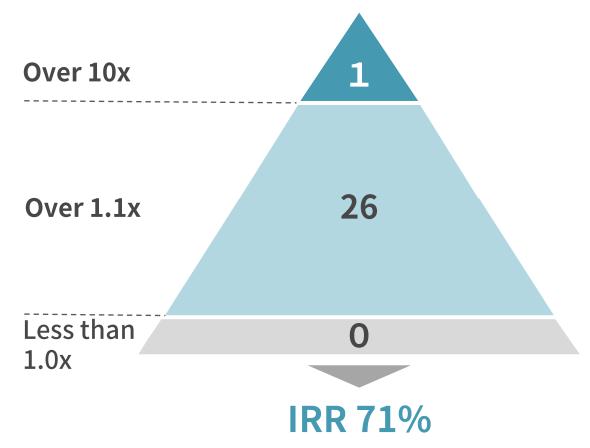
D2C&Co. ¥1.6 billion

Venture companies ¥12.8 billion

Fund ¥6 billion

Total ¥22.3 billion

■ Share price difference between time of investment and most recent procurement of the 27 companies



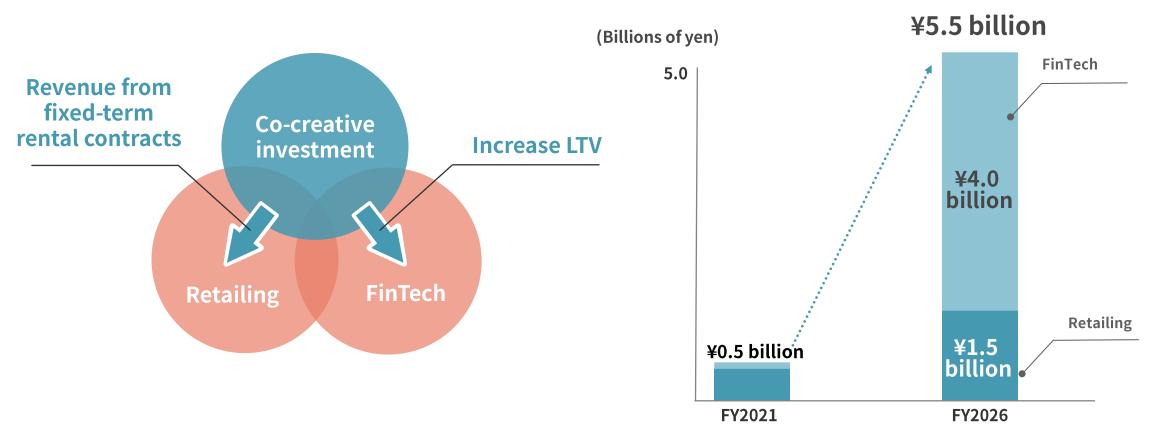
^{*} IRR: Calculated using most recent procurement price of securities held, assuming that listed shares were sold at the end of each company's fiscal year

Co-Creative Investment: Synergies with Existing Businesses



• Targeting ¥5.5 billion minimum contribution to Retailing and FinTech in final year of medium-term plan

■Estimated profit contributions



^{*} Profit contributions included in operating income of Retailing and FinTech businesses

Co-Creative Investment: Financial Returns



	FY2021	FY2026 (Estimated)
Co-creative investment amount	¥22.3 billion	¥43.0 billion
Balance of investment securities	¥42.1 billion	¥72.0 billion
Unrealized gains	¥13.5 billion	¥37.0 billion
Companies invested in	28	Approx. 70
Listed companies	2	Approx. 20
IRR	71%	20%

Exit policy

- Decide on case-by-case basis depending on
 1: progress with collaboration, 2:business perfomence, and
 3: market conditions
- Distribute 50% of profit from sales to shareholders and reinvest the remainder

tsumiki Securities Co., Ltd.



■ Services to Be Provided

Who	Younger generations and everyone else
What	Purchases of investment trusts applicable under Tsumitate NISA
How	Credit payment via EPOS cards

Japan's first scheme for purchasing investment trusts with credit

■Structure of Earnings



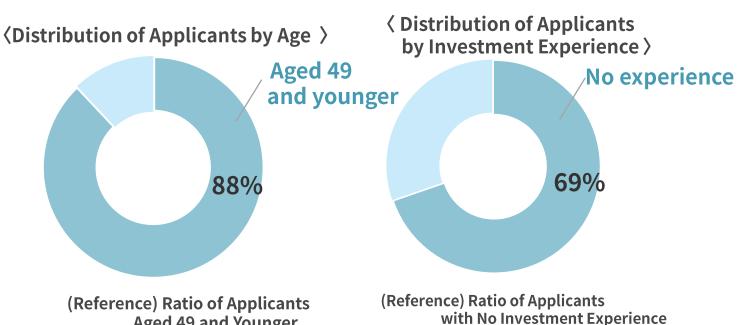
Target ¥1 trillion in balance of assets commence operations in summer 2018

tsumiki Securities Co., Ltd.



- Support from younger and first time investors won as anticipated
- Started a service that allows you to purchase investment trusts with points, and the number of applications has expanded to 67,000.





Approx. 40% at independent fund Approx. 30% based on survey management companies

〈 Performance Data 〉

	Performance
Application number	67,000
Active accounts	68%
Average month investments	¥23,000

by The Investment Trusts Association Approx. 60% at independent fund management companies

Aged 49 and Younger



6

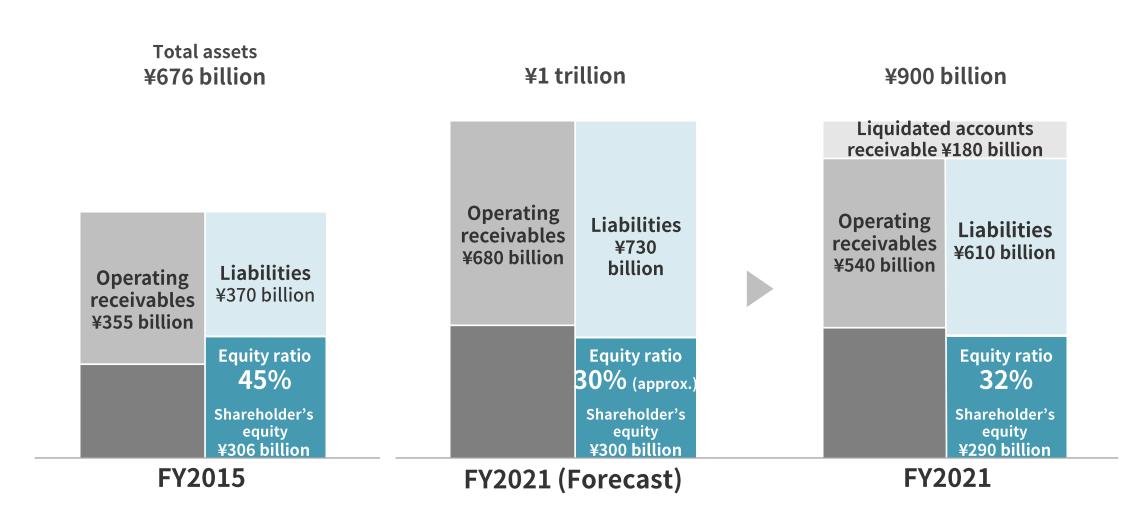
Capital Measures and Shareholder Returns



Review



Achieved balance sheet optimization alongside transformation to a FinTech-led business structure



Balance sheet at End Fiscal 2021



• Retailing became stabilized after transition to fixed-term rental contracts, but equity capital remains at high level

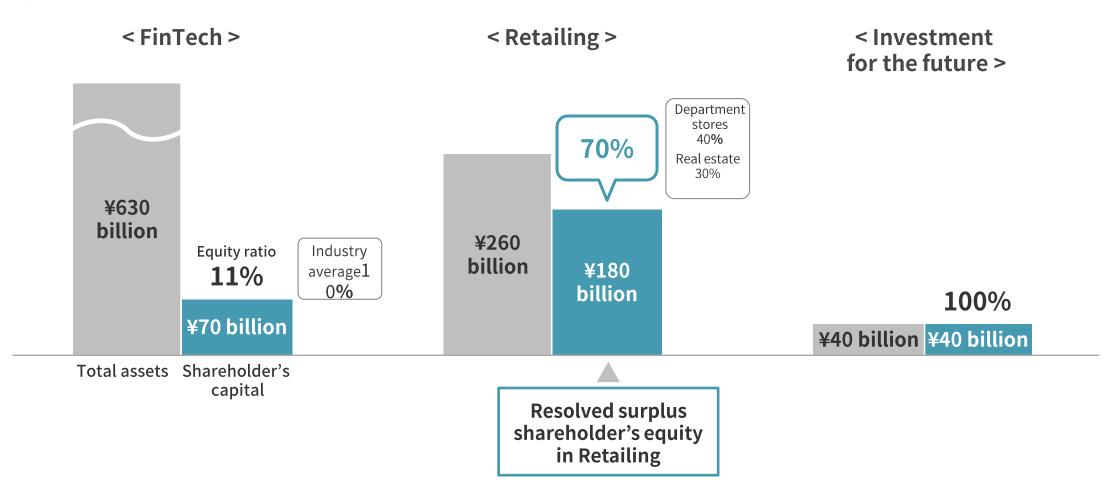
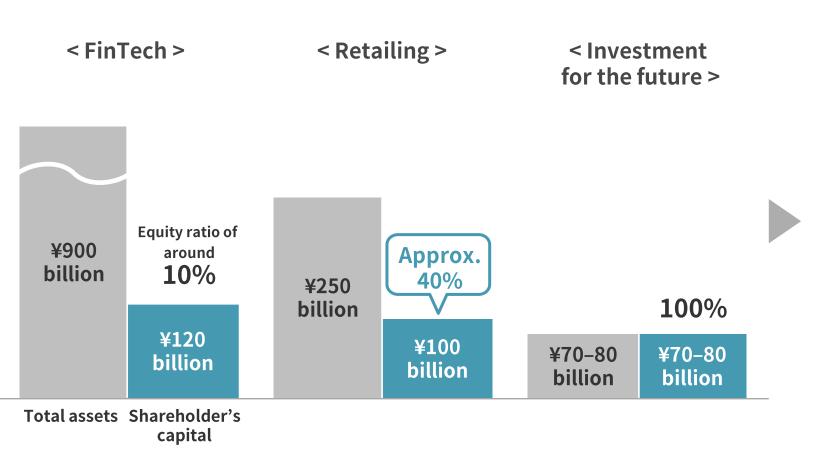
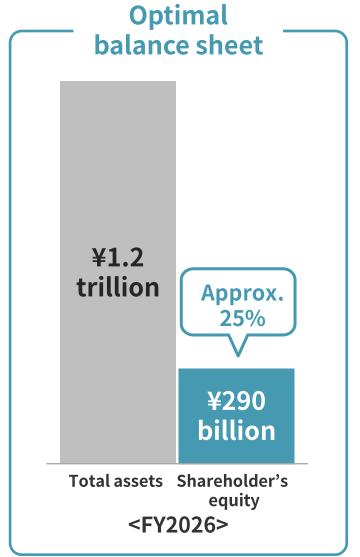


Image of Optimal Capital Structure



• Targets based on equity ratio of around 25%



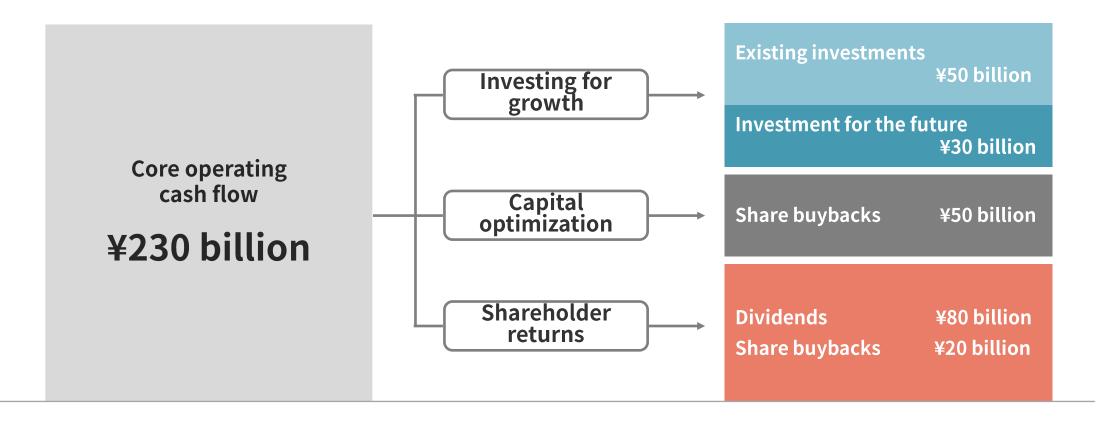


Capital Allocation



• Allocate ¥80 billion to investing for growth (including investment for the future), ¥50 billion to share buybacks for capital optimization, and ¥100 billion to shareholder returns

■Capital allocation plan (Fiscal 2022–2026)

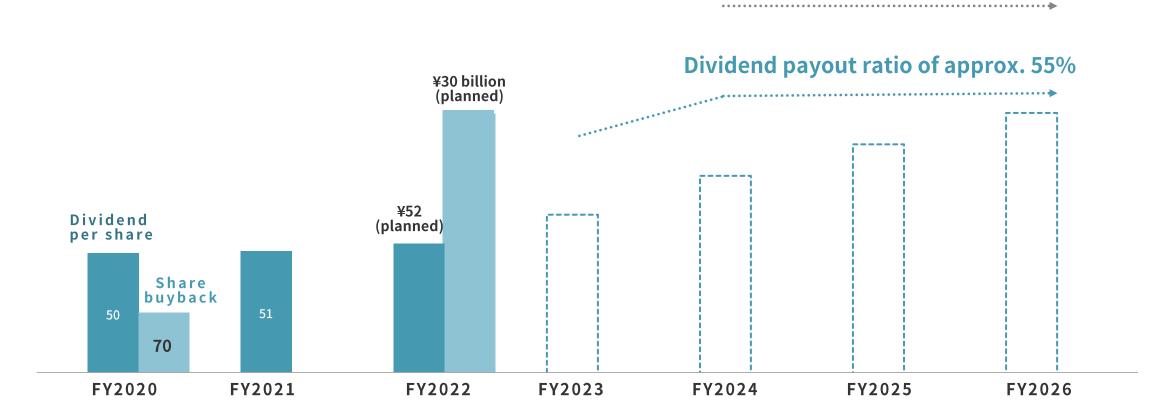


Dividends and Share Buybacks



Total return ratio of approx. 70%

- Forecasting dividend per share of ¥52 (+¥1 YoY) and ¥30 billion share buyback for capital optimization in FY2022
- To continue stable dividend payments based on dividend payout ratio of 55% and total return ratio of 70%

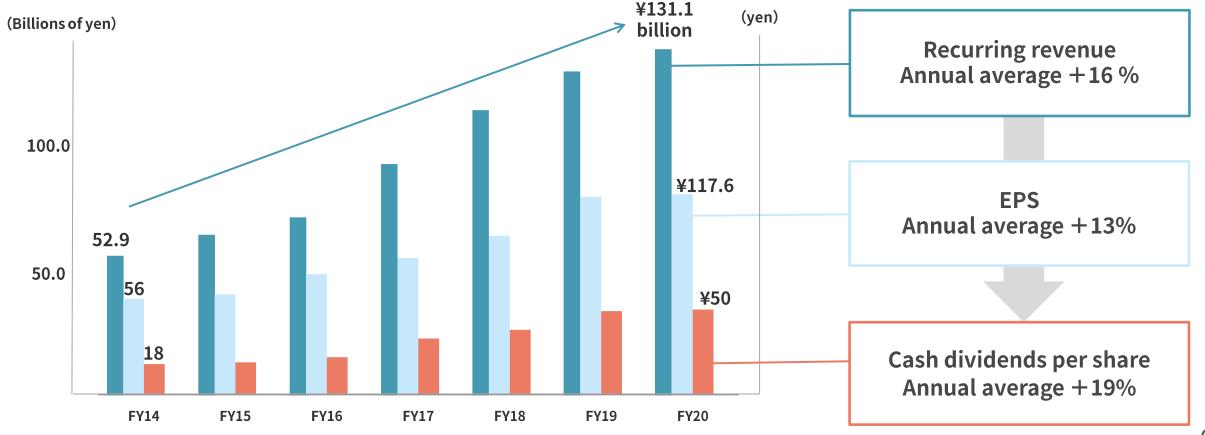


For corporate value improvement



 Dividend increase rate exceeds EPS growth rate thanks to recurring revenue increased the certainty of future cash flows

■ Recurring Revenue, EPS and Dividends



^{*} Recurring revenue based on total gross profit



7 Impacts



Analysis of Operating Environment (Global Operating Environment 30 Years in the Future)



Population Trends

- Global population of approx.10 billion in 2050
- Population of emerging countries
 71% higher than in 2000
- Concentration of populations in urban areas (expansion of megacities)

Climate Change and Resource Depletion

- 1°C-2°C rise in average global temperature in comparison to 2000
- Increased demand for food, water, and energy
- Shift toward clean energy

Economic Climate

- Deceleration of global economic growth
- Emergence of China and India as No. 1 and 2 GDP leaders
- Approx. 40% of global GDP attributable to China and India

Technological Progress

- More than 50% of global population connected to the Internet
- Further spread of IoT
- Evolution of AI

MARUI GROUP's Outlook for the Future (2050)

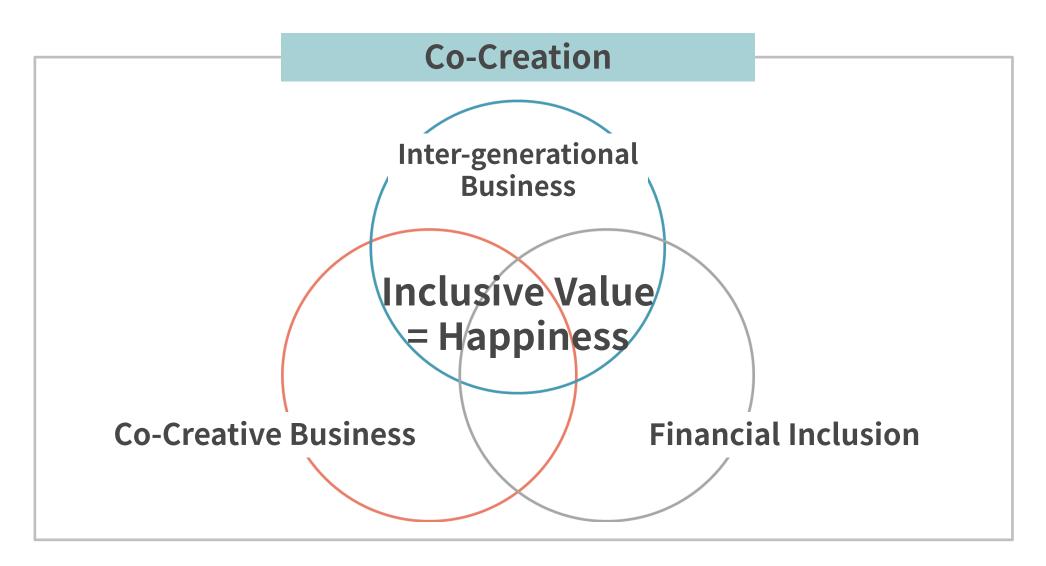


■Inter dependent world

	Realty	Ideal
Balance between individuality and coexistence	 Opposition based on nationality and ethnicity Globalism vs. nationalism 	 Increased diversity and dilution of concept of minorities Connections transcending traditional dichotomies while valuing individuality
Global income disparity	 Rising wages in developing countries, increasing economic disparity in developed countries →Wealthy vs. low-income individuals on a global scale 	Business opportunities catering to both low- and middle-income individuals creating a massive global market
Coexistence with the natural environment	 Inability for environment to support traditionally high production and consumption levels →Population growth vs. resource depletion 	 Survival only by businesses that coexist with the natural environment Renewable energy and circular economies as the norm



Harnessing the power of business to build a world that transcends dichotomies

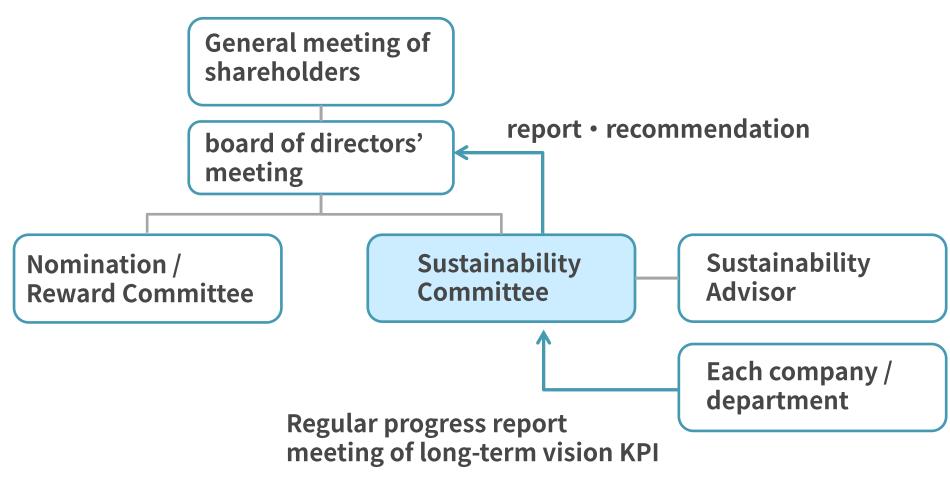


Action so far: Established Sustainability Committee



Discuss sustainability strategies and initiatives for the entire group at the management level

■Organization Chart



Action so far: External evaluation of ESG



- We will continue to make efforts and disclose appropriate information, and receive evaluations from various organizations
- No. 1 in Bloomberg's ESG disclosure rankings for both global retail and all domestic industries
 - Main external evaluations
 - [DJSI World Index]

Included in DJSI World Index in 3rd consecutive year

World's No. 1 score in the retail field

[S&P Global Sustainability Award]

The only gold class in the retail sector

Member of
Dow Jones
Sustainability Indices
Powered by the S&P Global CSA

Sustainability Award

S&P Global

■ Bloomberg ESG Disclosure Company Ranking (FY2020)

World retail sector

Domestic all industry

1 MARUI GROUP MARUI GROUP

2 A (France)

F (machinery)

3 B (Mexico)

G (machinery)

4 C (South Africa)

H (security)

5 D (US)

I (Communication)

[Selected as one of the four ESG indicators selected by GPIF]



2020 CONSTITUENT MSCIジャパン ESGセレクト・リーダーズ指数

2020 CONSTITUENT MSCI日本株 女性活躍指数 (WIN) S&P/JPX カーボン エフィシェント 指数

5th consecutive year

5th consecutive year

Action so far: Green Business



■Switch renewable energy to 100% by 2030



- Joined RE100 (July. 2018)
- FY21: 52% (15 stores 5 offices)
- Considering direct procurement from renewable energy power plants by registering as a retail electric power company of a group company
- Providing sustainable choices



Achieves power traceability with unique blockchain technology

 We recommend switching to renewable energy for the Marui Group's customer base through a capital and business alliance with Minna-Denryoku (Dec.2018).

■Promote disclosure of financial impact information



- Agree with TCFD (Nov. 2018)
- Described in the securities report (FY19~)

Risk: about ¥8.0 billion

Physical risks
Business suspension
due to flood, etc.

About ¥5.0 billion

Transition risks
Cost increase / tax
increase, etc.

About ¥3.0 billion

Opportunity: about ¥10.0 billion

Increased card profits through co-creation with electricity retailers, etc.

About ¥7.5 billion

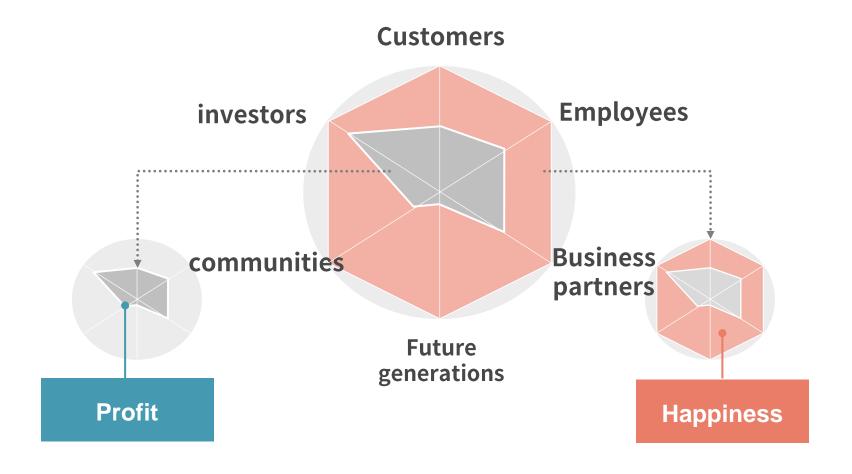
Entry into the electricity retail business and exemption from carbon tax, etc.

About ¥2.5 billion

Values that Stakeholders Seek: Profit and Happiness



• We will pursue the growth of corporate value through harmony between the interests and happiness of all stakeholders



Impact



	Priorities	Approach
Work together with	Help realize a carbon-neutral society	Reduce societal CO ₂ emissions through co- creation with customers
future generations to create the future	Help realize a circular economy	Reduce societal waste volume through co- creation with business partners and customers
Work together to bring happiness to individuals	Support self-actualization of individuals	Provide financial services based on credit co-creation Support entrepreneurs in future generations
	Support individuals in pursuing their interests	Create new businesses and engage in co- creative investment Create affinity cards
Build a co-creation platform	Provide venues for co-creation	Utilize stores as venues for co-creation Utilize cards as tools with which to engage in co-creation
	Facilitate open working styles for those in and outside the company	Practice open innovation Foster an innovative organization



8

Numerical Goal



Consolidated operating income forecast



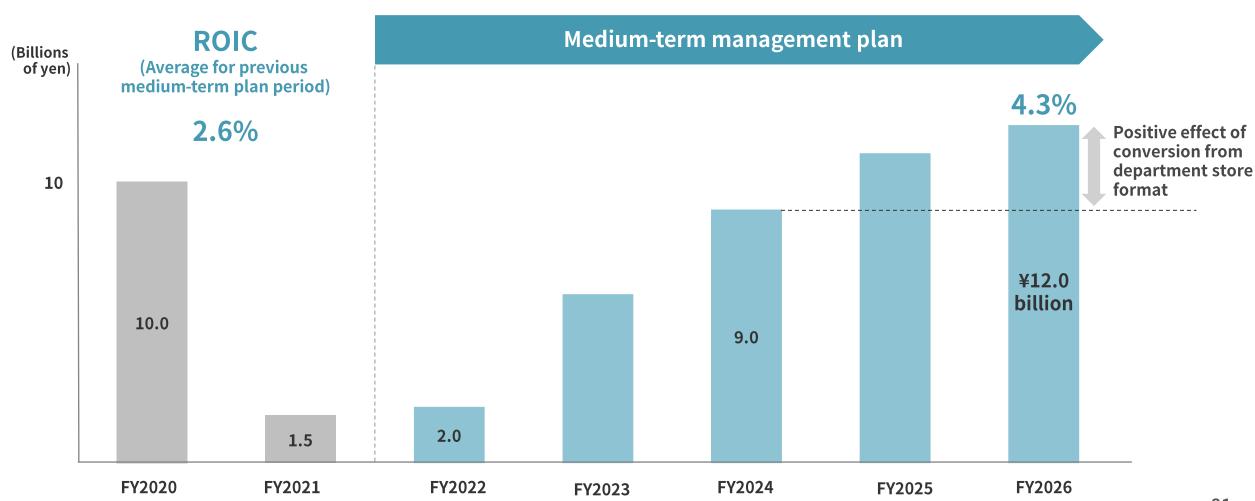
• Target consolidated operating income of ¥60.0 billion in final year of medium-term plan

	FY2020	FY2026	Change from FY2020	Difference from FY2020
	Billions of yen	Billions of yen	%	Billions of yen
Retailing	10.0	12.0	120	2.0
FinTech	38.4	53.0	138	14.6
Investing for the future		2.0		_
Eliminations/Corporate	-6.5	-7.0		-0.5
Consolidated	41.9	60.0	143	18.1

Retailing segment: Operating income and ROIC forecast



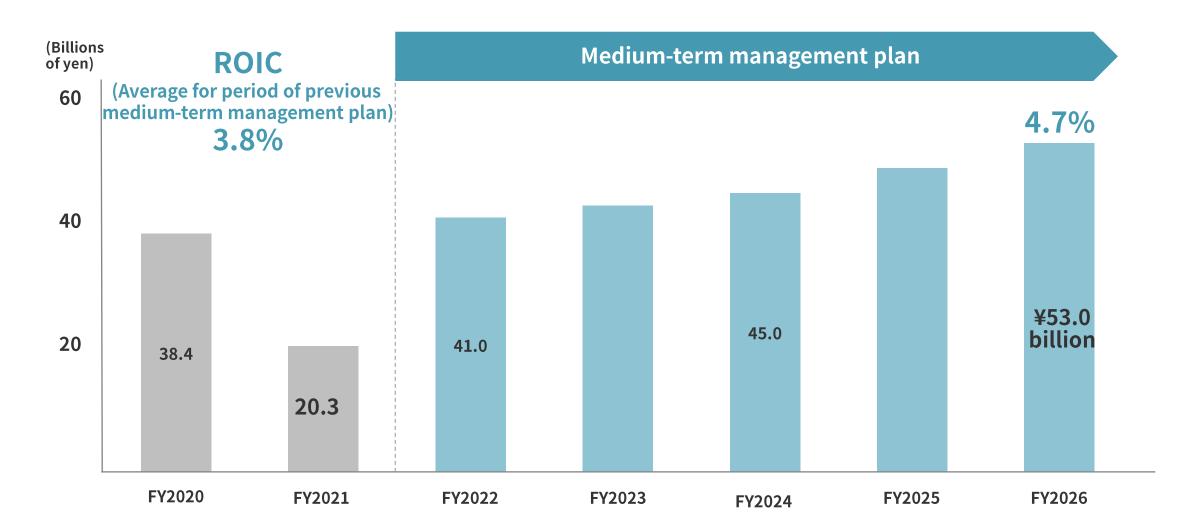
• Forecasting operating income of ¥12.0 billion in final year of medium-term management plan



FinTech: Operating income and ROIC forecast



• Forecasting operating income of ¥53.0 billion, ROIC 4.7% in final year of medium-term management plan



Capital efficiency



• ROE in final year of medium-term management plan forecast to exceed cost of capital at 13%

	FY2020	FY2024	FY2026	Versus FY2020
EPS (¥)	117.6	140.0	200.0	82.4
ROE (%)	8.8	10.0	13.0	4.2
Capital costs (%)	6.9	8.0	8.0	1.1
ROIC (%)	3.7	3.8	4.0	0.3
WACC (%)	3.0	3.4	3.4	0.4

Main KPIs (Fiscal 2026)



Impact	CO ₂ emission reduction volume	1 million tons or more	
	Help facilitate environment-friendly lifestyles	(Customers) 1 million people or more	
	Provide financial services based on credit co-creation	(Customers) 4.5 million people or more	
	Support individuals in pursuing their interests	(Customers) 3.5 million people or more	
	Number of new businesses created	(Cumulative total)	20 or more
	Number of co-creation projects with members of future generations	(Cumulative total)	150 or more

Financial indicators

EPS ¥200 or higher ROE 13.0% or higher ROIC 4.0% or higher



9

References materials



Retailing Segment KPIs (Fiscal 2026)



Impact	CO2 emission reduction volume	100,000 tons or more	
	Help facilitate circular consumption options	600 or more	
	Hold events throughout the year	5,000 or more	
	Utilize stores with co-creative investees	250 or more	
Financial indicators	ROIC 4.3% or more Operating incom	ne ¥12 billion or more	

FinTech Segment KPIs (Fiscal 2026)

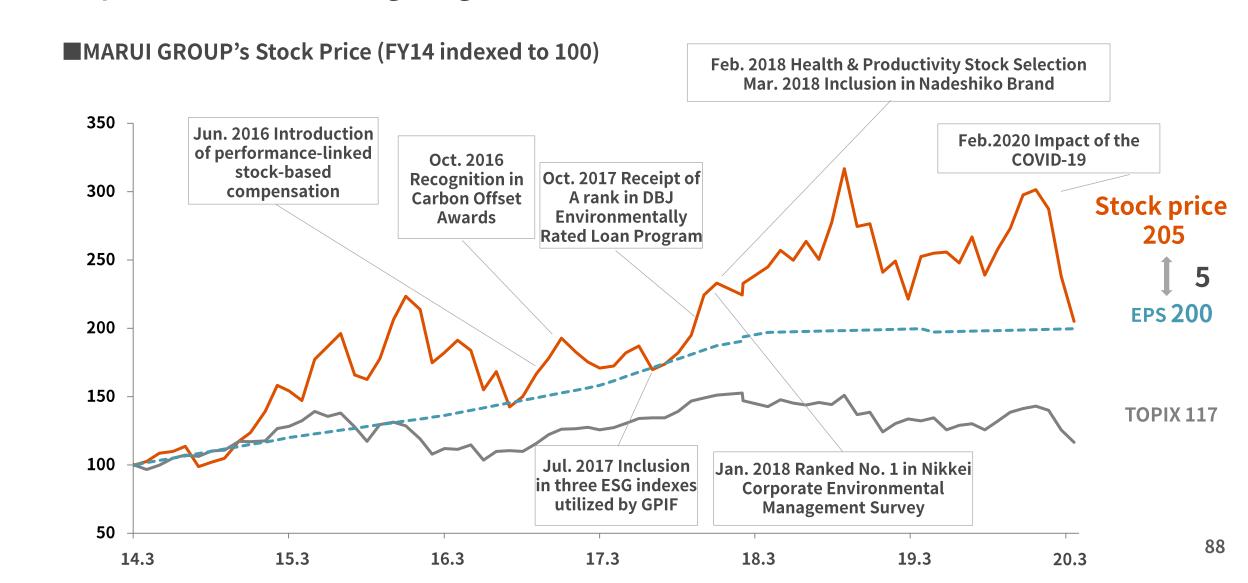


Impact	Minna-Denryoku customers	500,000 or more	
	Financial services for young people	4 million people or more	
	Cardholders	8.5 million or more	
	Content cardholders	1 million or more	
	Non-Japanese cardholders	200,000 or more	
Financial indicators	ROIC 4.7% or more Operating i	income ¥53 billion or more	

Improvement of Corporate Value through ESG Initiatives



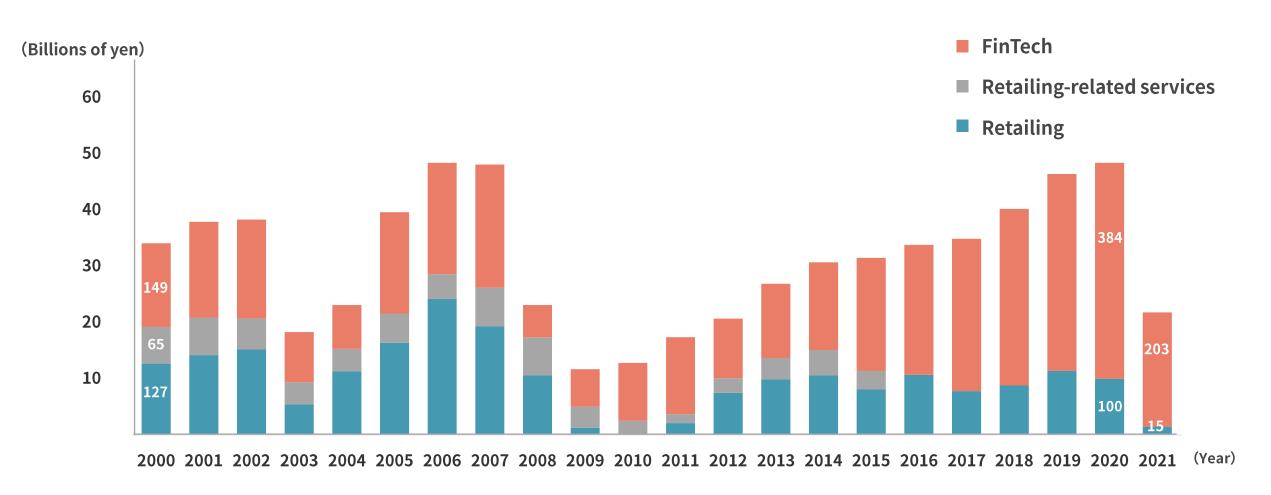
• Stock price increases exceeding EPS growth seen since acceleration of ESG initiatives in FY2015



Transition of Segment Operating Income



• FinTech's operating income accounts for an increase due to changes in business models



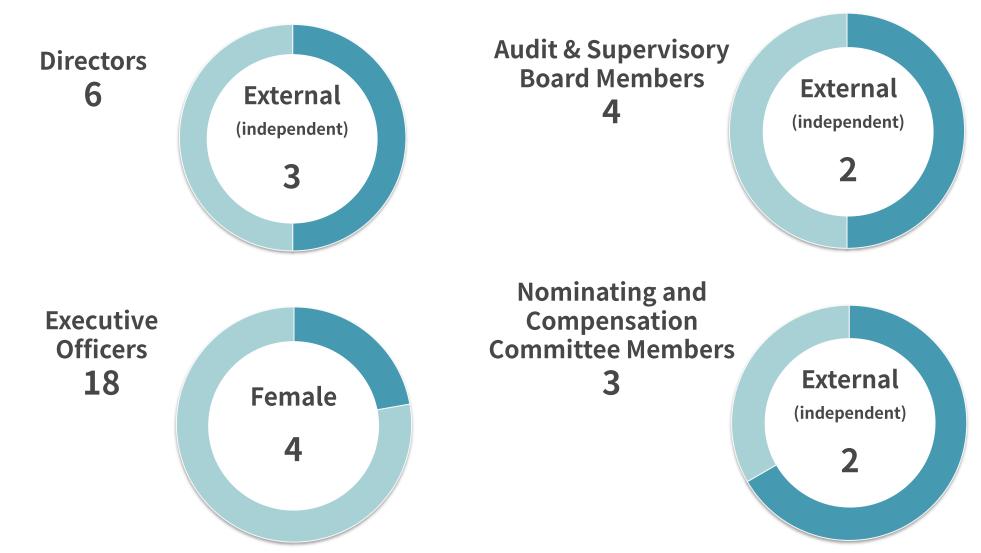
^{* &}quot;FinTech" is "Credit and Services" until 2005, "Credit card services" until 2016 / "Retailing-related services" is "Other" until 2004

^{*} Reorganized into two segments, "Retailing" and "FinTech" from FY2016

Corporate Governance: Emphasizing Corporate Value



• Endeavor to practice sound management that is highly transparent and efficient to heighten earnings capacity



Board of directors effectiveness evaluation

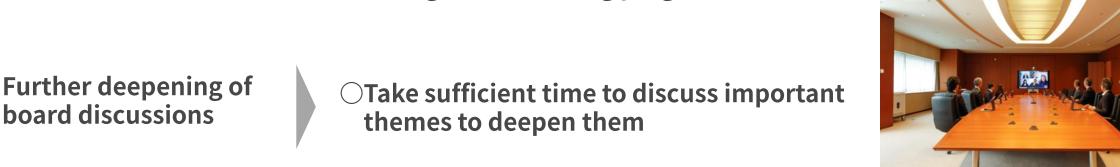


- Measures taken to address issue identified through evaluation of the Board of Directors' effectiveness
- Representative issues and correspondence and direction

Further increasing the diversity of the board of directors

- ODiversity is improved by the new system for the fiscal year ending March, 2021
 - Ratio of outside directors: 37% → 50%
 - Ratio of female directors: 25% → 33%
- Ocontinue to discover and train young and female executives through the generation management training program (5th term)

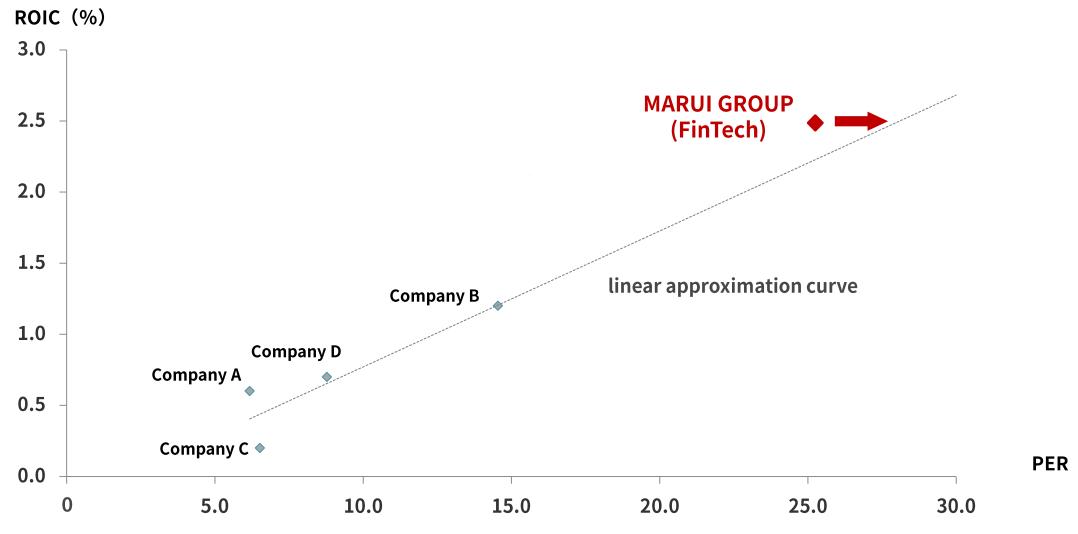




Strength of FinTech: Industry's highest level of asset efficiency



Comparison of ROIC and PER among credit card companies



^{*} Note: Figures are our estimates based on public information, Stock price as of June 10, 2020, EPS forecasts for FY2021)

Lifetime Value Management Indicator



 Recurring gross profit was ¥123.6 billion, increasing ratio of recurring gross profit to total gross profit to 67.7%

Recurring Gross Profit

FY2020 FY2021 YOY YOY Change difference Billions Billions Billions of yen of yen of yen Retailing 42.6 35.7 84 -7.0FinTech 88.5 87.9 99 -0.5Total 131.1 123.6 94 -7.5Composition within 65.3 67.7 +2.4gross profit (%)

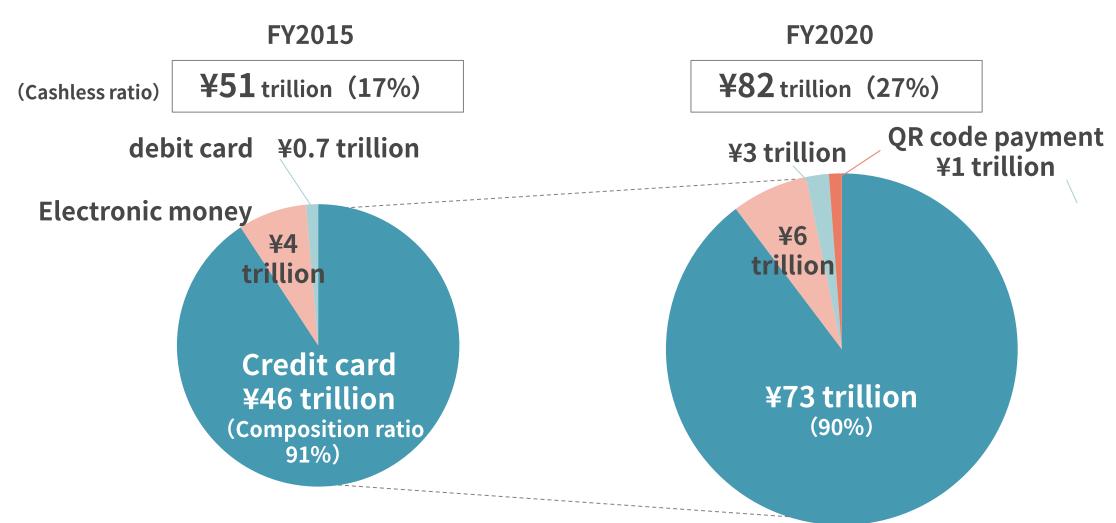
Contracted Future Recurring Gross Profit

VS. gross profit
%
141
201
183

Status of payment type



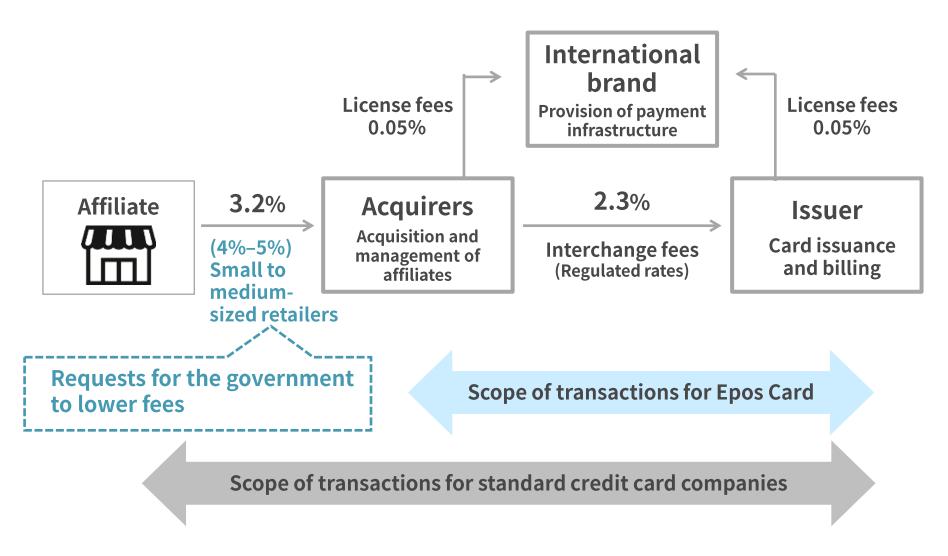
• Credit cards account for 90% of all payments, while expanding about 1.5 times in five years



^{*} Source: Japan Credit Association "Japan credit statistics"

Relationship between Parties Involved in Credit Card Transactions and Earnings Structure





⁹⁵



The forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are based on information available at the time of preparation of this presentation and certain assumptions that MARUI GROUP deems to be reasonable. The forward-looking statements may differ materially from actual results due to a variety of different factors. Please direct any inquiries to the IR Department (Tel: 03-5343-0075)

